

# SINGAPORE SOCIAL ENTERPRISE CONFERENCE 2016 POST CONFERENCE INSIGHTS

25-26 October 2016

## **ABOUT**

#### SINGAPORE SOCIAL ENTERPRISE CONFERENCE 2016



Focused on exploring how businesses can be agents of change and a force for social good, the Singapore Social Enterprise Conference 2016 brings together thought leaders, corporates and entrepreneurs, for a 2-day forum of expert lectures, insightful discussions, networking opportunities and more.

This Conference serves as the main convening platform to engage and share knowledge across raiSE's diverse network of partners and members. It runs in line with a series of programmes and initiatives under the #partofthegood movement.



## Keynote

A Common Aspiration – Aligning sustainability goals with goals for the broader society

## Fireside Chat

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- b. Beyond Alignment Lessons from Collaborations between Corporations &
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## I. Keynote

A Common Aspiration – Aligning sustainability goals with goals for the broader society



#### **Tata Trusts' Role in Corporate Stewardship**

- Identifying social goals (i.e. health, water, energy, rural upliftment, education, urban poverty alleviation etc.) and organizing programmes to bring sustainable impact in each identified area.
- Using data to positively impact government policy and effectiveness therefore facilitating the development of the country.
- Focusing on innovative technologies and social entrepreneurship as tools to uplift lives of rural populations in India.
- Collaborating with Google India and launched the Internet Sathi programme to promote awareness of the internet and its uses in the rural geographies where the Trusts operate.

#### Aligning Sustainability Goals with Goals for the Broader Society

#### The UN Sustainable Development Goals: Partnerships for Goals

- Focusing on collaboration rather than competition for a sustainable global ecosystem.
- Partnering with like-minded individuals and organizations on large-scale transnational research on the global eco-system to inspire innovation.

#### **Initiatives**

- Social Alpha is an initiative supported by Tata Trusts to promote social entrepreneurship and innovation to design solutions for India's intractable development sector challenges. Through its incubator and accelerator programmes, it has created an environment that engages social entrepreneurs and encourages collaboration.
- Avanti Finance an investee of Tata Trusts, is a microfinance company that enables affordable
  and timely credit access to "underserved and un-served" segments of India's population
  through innovative new age digital technologies. It works with local non-governmental
  organizations, farmer producer organizations and self-help groups to deliver affordable credit.

## II. Fireside Chat

#### a. Business as a Force for Social Good



#### **Speakers**

#### Manoj Kumar

Senior Advisor, Tata Trusts & CEO, Foundation for Innovation and Social Entrepreneurship

#### Seah Kian Peng

CEO, NTUC Fairprice Co-operative

#### Melissa Kwee

CEO, National Volunteer and Philanthropy Centre

#### **Sim Gim Guan**

CEO, National Council of Social Service

#### Moderator

#### **Nicholas Fang**

Executive Director, Singapore Institute of International Affairs

#### **Accelerating Social Impact while achieving Business Goals**

#### **Role of Social Enterprises**

- Social entrepreneurship and innovation is a tool to accelerate the creation of social impact.
  Through innovation, we see the greater business sophistication in social enterprises today.
  Social enterprises that are innovative and transformative usually result in more competitive, viable and sustainable businesses.
- Social enterprises should be in a permanent beta state to stay relevant in the market and deliver goods and services that have intrinsic value and quality, rather than relying on one's sympathy as a reason for his/her purchase.
- Charities are increasingly interested in the social enterprise business model as they consider long-term sustainability of their operations.
- Social enterprises and charities should take advantage of mutually beneficial opportunities –
  social enterprises can acquire knowledge and networks in social service sectors through
  charities and charities can benefit from social enterprises' products and services. Intermediaries
  such as Empact supports and facilitates such collaborations.

#### **Role of Corporates**

- Corporates are realising that people are increasingly socially conscious and monetary benefits alone may not be sufficient to retain their customers, employees and stakeholders.
- To remain sustainable, corporates recognise that doing good is a desirable business strategy and they should go beyond competing only on price and quality, and consider the social value of their organization's business.
- Mr. Seah from NTUC discussed this session's topic "Business as a Force for Social Good" and suggested the panel to consider "Social Good as a Force for Doing Business" instead. Social enterprises are the epitome of this phrase, as the key driver for their business is the creation of positive social impact.

#### **Working Towards a Shared Value System**

- **Leadership** Leaders in both the public and private sector should work together to create effective policies that accelerate not inhibit social development.
- **Education** Education is key to challeng and change entrenched mindsets. The Singaporean education system perpetuates the relentless race for upward social mobility at the cost of social and personal fulfilment. Instead of focusing on being best in the world, we should think about being the best for the world.
- **Community inclusiveness** We should strive to build an inclusive community and nurture one's talents rather than fixate on one's weakness.



## **Beyond Alignment – Lessons from collaborations** between corporations & social enterprises



#### Speakers

#### **Chia Boon Chong**

Associate Director, Singlel Group Corporate Social Responsibility

#### Siddharth Pisharody

Associate Director, Temasek International

#### Julian Koo

Co-Founder, Jaga-Me Pte. Ltd

#### **Debra Lam**

Co-Founder, Society Staples Pte. Ltd

#### **Collaboration Between Corporates and Social Enterprises**

#### **Innovation**

- Corporations may leverage the innovative and alternative market solutions that social enterprise create to meet challenges facing society.
- Debra Lam from Society Staples (a social enterprise) shared that through the organization's networks and involvement with persons with disabilities, they were able to draw on insights and develop innovative solutions for their clients. Their expertise has helped corporates to contribute to and interact meaningfully with marginalized individuals and communities.
- Julian from Jaga-Me (a social enterprise) tackled capacity and manpower issues in the healthcare sector by creating an online platform for patients and families to access professional home nursing and caregiving services at home on demand.

#### **Capacity Building**

- Corporations have resources and experience to build capabilities of a social enterprise through incubator/accelerator programmes and offer validation of the social enterprise's business model to prospective investors.
- Siddharth Pisharody from Temasek shared about "T-Touch" which is a volunteer initiative driven by Temasek staff. Under this initiative, corporate executives from Temasek take on a mentorship role and share their professional knowledge to strengthen social enterprises' capabilities. Areas of expertise T-Touch offer includes financial guidance, brand differentiation, innovation, leadership and management skills.
- Chia Boon Chong from Singtel shared about the organization's initiative, "Singtel Futuresmakers" which is a programme which provides participants to grow their organization, refine their business model and scale their social impact. The programme offers capacity building, with competency workshops, mentoring and 1-on-1 business coaching by seasoned entrepreneurs.

#### **Market Access**

- Corporations can provide social enterprises with market access and extensive networks to widen their consumer base and scale up operations.
- For example, through the Singtel's Futuresmakers programme, Jaga-Me was able to tap into Singtel's consumer market base of about 600 million mobile subscribers.
- Another example of a successful collaboration is where Singtel leveraged its technology and the social enterprise's networks to penetrate virgin markets, thus achieving both social impact and financial returns.

#### **Key Strategies for Successful Collaboration**

- Aligning parties' project mission, vision and objectives.
- Corporations should engage social enterprises as partners not only recipients of aid.
- Developing an indicative work plan and time-frame for each project to ensure parties' commitment in completing project tasks in a timely manner.
- Embracing and respecting each party's work philosophy and taking advantage of warm leads.

#### **Future of Cross-Sector Collaboration**

- Corporations and social enterprises see each other as potential partners rather than competitors.
- Less distinction between corporations and social enterprises higher expectations that social enterprises should be financially sustainable and corporations should create social value and impact.
- Collaborations between like-minded organizations would reduce duplication of efforts and scale social impact.



## III. Insights

## a. Focusing on Results, not Reports -

#### **A Social Value Pilot**





#### **About the Social Value Framework**

- Developed by raiSE, in consultation with Bain & Company.
- Guide to help social enterprises to determine and measure their social value.
- Social value are outcomes created via (i) direct means to the beneficiaries and (ii) indirect means to related parties including the beneficiaries' families and society.
- To measure social value, a matrix with an initial list of indicators is drawn out to enable social enterprises to monitor, assess and articulate their social value.

#### **Indicators**

- Indicators are measured by tracked data, surveys, interviews and feedback.
- Quantitative indicators measure outreach, outcomes as well as the dollar values of the goods or services created.
- Qualitative indicators look at the less tangible outcomes such as well-being, and are more subjective and relative, but are equally important.
- There are different tiers of priority tagged to the indicators. The tier tagging makes it easier for social enterprises to choose the indicators based on the resources available to them for data collection. Tier 1 indicators are basic indicators and should be preferably measured. Tier 2 and 3 indicators are more advanced indicators and should be measured if the social enterprise has the resources.

• List of indicators is not intended to be prescriptive or exhaustive. Social enterprises can pick and choose indicators in the applicable outcome areas that are relevant to them and yet not overly burdensome for measurement.

#### **Pilot Experiment**

- To get feedback on the indicators, raiSE and Bain has piloted this framework with 9 social enterprises. Majority found the framework useful as a common language to measure social value. The framework seeks to be inclusive in recognizing the different kinds of social value created by the social enterprises and yet achieve some form of standardization.
- Social enterprises may start measuring its social value by downloading the framework guide available at <a href="https://www.raise.sg/resource/">https://www.raise.sg/resource/</a>.



## b. Aligning Business Strategy with Social Impact



#### **Social Intrapreneur or Social Entrepreneur?**

Before deciding on becoming a social entrepreneur, one should consider the following questions:

- What are the opportunity costs of leaving your current position, if any?
- What is your social mission?
- Do you have the skills, knowledge and passion to pursue your social mission?
- What unique value creation are you generating? (i.e. the difference between the outcomes generated and what would have happened anyway)

#### Why become a social intrapreneur?

- Access to one's organizations' vast resources to make a substantial impact.
- Lead change within one's organizations, without formal authority, that aligns with core business objectives while also advancing a social or environmental outcome.

#### How to become a Successful Social Intrapreneur?

#### **Building an initiative within your organization**

- Pursue an approach consistent with one's organizational context
  - o Align one's approach with one's organization's strategy, structure and culture.
  - o Align one's timing with one's organizational priorities and dynamics.
- Develop a convincing business case
  - o Use diverse narratives (i.e. stories, imagery, numbers and examples).
- Test and refine one's ideas before implementation
  - o Look for opportunities for quick and low-cost testing of one's value proposition.
  - o Continuous refinement of one's business model and evaluation of social impact.

#### **Knocking Down barriers to innovation**

- Mobilize a team
  - Set up an independent and multi-functional team to protect one's social initiative against the organization's "antibodies".
- Leverage networks
  - o Garner support from senior colleagues to sponsor, protect or advocate for your social initiative.
  - o Garner support from peers to take on different roles (i.e. the Mavens, connectors or salesperson) to expand knowledge, skill sets and networks.
  - o Influence people around you and initiate a "social movement".



## c. raiSE Public Perceptions Survey –Where are we today & where are we heading towards?



#### **About the Public Perception Study 2016**

- The first Public Perception Survey was conducted in 2010 and the social enterprise landscape has changed significantly since then, given the establishment of raiSE.
- raiSE has commissioned the Asia Centre for Social Entrepreneurship and Philanthropy, National University of Singapore (ACSEP) this year to conduct another public perception survey to gain an updated understanding on the public's awareness, knowledge and action towards social enterprises in Singapore.
- The Public Perception Survey 2016 has collected 1,888 valid responses and achieved its objectives in ascertaining the level of public awareness of local social enterprises and understanding how to better support the social enterprise ecosystem.

#### **Key Findings**

#### Level of awareness

- Level of public's awareness of the term "social enterprise" has increased significantly from 13% to 65%.
- Respondents in the 31-35 age group have the highest level of awareness, with 7 out of 10 having heard of "social enterprise".
- There is a strong correlation between awareness, understanding and purchase a better understanding tends to be related with a greater purchase behaviour and intent.

#### Reasons behind purchasing behavior

• The top 3 reasons that influenced purchasing behaviour are (1) social mission (2) uniqueness of products/services and (3) quality of products/services.

• The findings further indicated that for existing non-buyers, they were more likely to purchase from social enterprises if there were strong intrinsic value (i.e. quality and price) of its product/services.

#### Perceived characteristics of social enterprises

- The survey reflected that the public places a high emphasis on the social aspect of a social enterprise, medium emphasis on a social enterprise's hybridity (i.e. dual bottom lines), and low emphasis on the business aspect of a social enterprise.
- The top 2 strategies to differentiate a social enterprise from a traditional business is a social enterprise's hybridity and self-identification (how the social enterprise presents itself).

#### **Key Recommendations**

- To retain buyers and convert non-buyers, social enterprises need to stay committed to their social mission as well as focus on the intrinsic value of their products and services (i.e. uniqueness and quality).
- To increase purchasing decisions, social enterprises need to raise public awareness and understanding of their business and social impact. Social enterprise may consider leveraging the media to portray its social mission better, or creating a unique branding to differentiate itself.
- The public may also support the social enterprise ecosystem by practicing socially conscious shopping, raising awareness of social issues and social enterprises through the internet or word of mouth.



# d. Emerging Markets in the Region and Support for Local Social Enterprises Seeking to Internationalize



#### **Opportunities & Trends for Growth: Key Industries in South East Asia**

- *Infrastructure* SEA Governments are pushing for infrastructure needs such as water and electricity. Opportunities in SEA lie in utilities, urban development and transport.
- **Manufacturing** the SEA region is characterized by low wage economies. Social enterprises can take advantage of low production costs to reduce their operating costs.
- **Consumption** the consumer base of ASEAN has grown 8% in the last 5 years with a growing middle class of 120 million. Social enterprises can leverage on SEA's sizeable consumer base to reap huge economies of scale.
- **Digital Economy** the fragmented E-commerce industry in SEA presents market opportunities at different city tiers. Social enterprises can consider venturing into tech start-ups and digital infrastructure as there is a new focus on technology.

#### **Venture into Non-Capital Cities in SEA**

- Social enterprises should look beyond traditional markets in capital cities and venture into non-capital cities. Non-capital cities in SEA have high market growth potential and the cost of doing business there is significantly lower as well. Examples:
  - o Indonesia Medan, Bandung, Surabaya, Makassar
  - o Malaysia Penang
  - o Myanmar Mandalay, Bagan
  - o Philippines Cebu, Clark Green City
  - o Thailand Eastern Seaboard region, Khon Kaen

#### **Country Analysis: Indonesia**

#### **Country profile**

• Population of 257.6 million in 2015, a GDP growth of 5.5% from 2011-15, FDI worth USD 20.0 billion in 2014 and is the largest market economy in ASEAN (40% of ASEAN's economy).

#### **Market opportunities**

- Infrastructure Budgeted 313.5 trillion on infrastructure. The Indonesian government aims for a 100% access to power and electricity by 2019. Municipal water projects are in the pipeline for investments.
- *Manufacturing* A low-wage economy where costs of production is low.
- **Consumption** Strong consumption base with a rising middle class population where 27 % are below 15 years of age a sizeable young market.
- **Digital Economy** Aims to be the largest digital economy by 2020 with a growth rate of 15% year on year and an emphasis on E-commerce. Its market focus is on technology and start-ups.

#### **Market challenges**

- Political uncertainty
- Protectionist policies

#### **Social development opportunities**

- **Poverty** 11.2% of the population lives below the national poverty line.
- **Youth unemployment** 36% of the population above 15 years old is unemployed.
- Infant mortality rate 23 deaths of infants under one year old per 1,000 live births.
- **Utilities** 69% of the population has access to clean water and 81% of the population has access to electricity. (Source: Statistical data on poverty and socioeconomic development in Indonesia based on research by the Asian Development Bank, 2016)

#### Social development challenges

- Unequal access to quality education and healthcare
- Lack of infrastructure causes production bottlenecks for sustainable growth and poverty alleviation
- Shallow social safety net



## **IV. Expert Series**

## a. Successful Selling on Social Media for Social Enterprises



Advertising, marketing and public relations expert, Ogilvy & Mather shares insights on how social media platforms can be used for marketing and branding to generate sales for social enterprises.

#### **Step 1: Growing Followers**

Strategies to grow social media followers:

**Complete your profile** – Provide detailed information about your social enterprise (i.e. about section, profile picture, types of products/services, mission, contact information, background story) to enhance brand awareness and engage your target audience.

**Run competitions** – Competitions are a creative and fun way to attract more followers, gather consumer data and feedback, and widen consumer outreach.

**Boost Offline Traffic Drivers** – Use offline traffic drivers such as flyers, events, product labels and word-of-mouth to increase conversion rates.

#### **Boost Online Traffic Drivers –**

- Implement website integration: Integrating social media into your website to promote your online brand (i.e. make your content shareable with social share buttons, social login, social video etc.)
- Influence engagement: Engage potential and existing influencers in your industry who are active on social media that can help you to attract new followers for your products/services (i.e. offering samples of your products/services to influencers).
- Form industry partnerships: Leverage user base of other brands to expand own networks and form collaborations.

#### **Step 2: Engaging Followers**

#### Build your Brand with a Social Media Style Guide - Who you are, and who you are not?

A social media style guide offers a clear and consistent guide for your business's social media strategy. To create your own Social Media Style Guide, consider the following components:

- Mission statement: Consider why your business exists and why you are on social media.
- Audience persona: Consider your core audience on social media.
- *Brand voice and tone:* Consider your brand voice (casual/serious/professional etc.) and tone (helpful/funny/authoritative etc.)
- *Branding elements*: Consider consistency in brand identity (i.e. brand logo, colour palette, materials, signage, messaging etc.)

#### **Generate Content Pillars**

Content pillars anchor the way followers receive and engage in your brand content. Consider structuring your content in the following ways:

- Upcoming events: Updated information about events on Facebook/website.
- Past events: Summary and highlights with event photos.
- *Company news/announcements*: Awards and recognitions, milestones (i.e. IPO, new branch openings etc.), new partnerships, company policy changes, employee management changes.
- Industry trends: Industry insights and curated content on current trends related to your business.
- New products and services: Product/service description and reviews.

To capture your target audiences' attention, consider using effective social media content such as GIF, graphics, photographs, videos and infographics.

#### **Step 3: Getting Business Results**

#### Social Ad Buying – when and how to apply social ads?

- Stage 1: Awareness and customer acquisition. Focus on driving views of your content. Types of ad formats:
  - o Facebook Page post link ads, carousel ads, post engagement ads, canvas.
  - o LinkedIn Display/text/video ads, sponsored content, premium display, recommendation ads.
  - o YouTube Display ads, pre-rolls, overlay ads, skippable video ads.
- Stage 2: Engagement, conversion and retention. Focus on interacting with users by boosting ads when you have reached a larger user base (i.e. drive target audience to book appointments on your site, answer queries). Types of ad formats:
  - o Facebook Page post link ads, carousel ads.
  - o LinkedIn Sponsored content, sponsored InMail, follow Company Ad.
  - YouTube Display ads, pre-rolls, overlay ads, skippable video ads (<20s), sponsored cards.

#### **Website Checklist**

- Check your website's mobile friendliness
- Retrieve page speed insights
- Assess your website's searchability
- Install analytics
- Vertical and horizontal navigation

#### **Planning Checklist**

- Set your Key Performance Indicators
- Develop an integrated editorial calendar: marketing plans, holidays, new products
- Plan the content development process
- Set up a tracker for Google Analytics/Facebook Insights data
- Organize database growth and maintenance



#### b. Adapt & Grow Initiatives



Workforce Singapore shares its initiatives for Singaporeans to adapt to changing job demands and grow their skills.

#### **Reskilling for Jobs- Work Trial**

- Aims to strengthen the employability of Singaporean locals, especially the rank-and-file.
- Eligible job seekers can gain experience through a short-term work stint and be offered employment to receive incentives of up to \$1,1000.
- Factsheet on the work trial can be downloaded from the following link: <a href="http://www.wsg.gov.sg/content/dam/ssg-wsg/wsg/programmes/reskilling-for-jobs/employer/Work Trial Factsheet 20160923 1.3 V01Final.pdf">http://www.wsg.gov.sg/content/dam/ssg-wsg/wsg/programmes/reskilling-for-jobs/employer/Work Trial Factsheet 20160923 1.3 V01Final.pdf</a>

#### **Career Support Programme**

- Encourage employers to offer suitable job opportunities to mature Singaporean Professionals,
   Managers and Executives (PMETs) who are long term unemployed and/or made redundant for
   6 months or more.
- Companies can receive up to \$25,200 in salary support for up to one year when they hire PMETs who are retrenched or unemployed for six months of more, in jobs that pay at least \$4,000 Factsheet on the work trial can be downloaded from the following link: <a href="http://wsg.gov.sg/content/dam/ssg-wsg/wsg/programmes/csp/CSP">http://wsg.gov.sg/content/dam/ssg-wsg/wsg/programmes/csp/CSP</a> Factsheet 20161001 PED V03 Final.pdf

#### **WorkPro Programme**

- Encourage employers to implement age-friendly workplaces through job redesign and age management practices for older workers.
- Companies can receive a grant of up to \$480,000 to support the implementation of initiatives in the following areas:
  - o Implement age management practices.
  - Redesign workplaces and processes to create easier, safer and smarter jobs for older workers.
  - o Implement flexible work arrangements for all workers.

• Factsheet on the work trial can be downloaded from the following link: http://www.mom.gov.sg/~/media/mom/documents/employmentpractices/workpro/factsheet-on-enhanced-workpro.pdf?la=en

#### c. Data Protection -

#### What it means for a Social Enterprise?



#### Overview of the Personal Data Privacy Act ("PDPA")

#### What is "Personal Data"?

- Personal refers to data, whether true or not, about an individual who can be identified from that
  data; or from that data and other information to which the organization has or is likely to have
  access.
  - o *Note:* your residential address is not considered personal data unless you can prove that you are the only person living in that home.
- Personal data in Singapore is protected under the PDPA.

#### What is the PDPA?

• A data protection law that governs the collection, use, disclosure and care of personal data.

#### **Application of the PDPA**

- PDPA covers personal data stored in electronic and non-electronic forms.
- Applicable to all private sector organizations regardless of size and scale.
  - o *Note*: PDPA applies as long as you are dealing with personal data within Singapore, regardless of where you are geographically.
- Generally not applicable to:
  - o Any individual acting in a personal or domestic basis.
  - o Any employee acting in the course of his or her employment with an organization.
  - o Any public agency or an organization in the course of acting on behalf of a public agency in relation to the collection, use or disclosure of the personal data.

Business contact information. This refers to an individual's name, position name or title, business telephone number, business address, business electronic mail address or business fax number and any other similar information about the individual, not provided by the individual solely for his or her personal purposes.

#### **Data Protection Obligations**

9 obligations in the PDPA that an individual should comply with:

- **Consent** Organizations may collect, use or disclose personal data only with the individual's knowledge and consent (with some exceptions).
  - o Consent can be express or deemed (i.e. Declaration of consent; "I hereby consent to your company....").
  - o Consent can be obtained in different ways (i.e. through consent forms, application forms, privacy policies for websites etc.
- Purpose Limitation Organizations must inform individuals of the purposes for the collection,
  use or disclosure of personal data. The purpose of the use and collection or disclosure of
  personal data must be reasonable- of which a "reasonable person would consider appropriate".
- **Notification** Organizations must notify the individual of purpose(s) before collection, use or disclosure of the personal data.
- **Access & Correction** An individual has the right to obtain his/her personal data from the organization that has possession of it. He/she can ask what the organization has used the information for in the past one year upon the date of request.
  - o Upon request of an individual, an organization is obliged to correct errors or omissions in the individual's personal data.
- Accuracy Organizations must ensure personal data collected is accurate and complete.
- **Protection** Organizations must ensure protection of personal data by making reasonable security arrangements.
- **Retention Limitation** Discard the data immediately if it no longer serves a business or legal purpose.
- **Transfer Limitation** Organizations must not transfer personal data out of Singapore unless there is a comparable standard of protection for personal data in the foreign country where the personal data is transferred to.
  - o Recommend to sign a data transfer agreement with overseas party to make sure it lists out its obligations under PDPA.
- **Openness** Organizations must implement necessary policies & procedures to meet obligations under the PDPA (i.e. develop a PDPA policy and making it available upon request, appoint a Data Protection Officer to respond to PDPA related complaints and make his/her business contact information publicly available.)

#### **Overview of the Do Not Call Registry (DNC)**

- The aim of the DNC Registry is to reduce the number of unwanted telemarketing calls, marketing text messages and faxes.
- You may register in any of the 3 DNC Registers:
  - o No Voice Call Register
  - o No Text Message Register
  - o No Fax Message Register

- Persons in breach of DNC rules are liable to penalties of up to \$10,000 per breach, and up to \$1,000 in composition fines.
- The DNC Registry focuses on calls and messages of commercial nature sent to consumers.
   Messages that that promote charitable or religious causes; personal messages sent by
   individuals; public messages sent by government agencies; and political messages will not be
   covered under the DNC provisions.

#### Tips on complying with the DNC provisions

- Obtain clear and unambiguous consent (i.e. do not bury consent information in T&C, do not pre-tick boxes/ allow clients to opt in consent checkboxes rather than opt out).
- Check DNC register before making the call and do not conceal the identity of the caller.

#### **Challenges of Complying with the PDPA**

#### Tighter rules and stronger enforcement trends

The PDPA is expected to come in full force as the legislation is growing in its maturity. Fines are only going to get heavier. The Government is also especially concerned about the DNC more so than other obligations. It is thus important for social enterprises to prepare legal proof and seek consent from all involved parties

#### **Future Complaints Expected**

Social enterprises should be prepared for more and diverse complaints in future as people are increasingly aware and informed of their personal data rights under the PDPA

#### **Tips on Creating a Successful PDPA Policy**

The PDPA took effect in phases since 2013 and as the regime matures, we expect to see tighter rules and stronger enforcement trends. Social enterprises should be aware of its obligations under the PDPA and constantly review its internal personal data protection policies and practices to ensure compliance with the PDPA and avoid incurring any legal liability.

It is recommended to adopt the following best practices on data practices:

- Be discerning of the personal data you retain.
- Be selective in the transfer of personal data.
- Opt in, Not Opt Out. Get clients to opt in their consent rather than opt out of it when broadcasting marketing messages.
- When in doubt, call the DNC and adhere to its obligations.
- Appoint a data protection officer.
- Train & educate staff on privacy issues.



## d. Growing Your Purpose Driven Talent Through Employee Engagement



Google shared insights on how companies can use social impact and volunteer programs to build talent, cultivate new leaders and scale their social impact in society.

#### **Understand and support your employees**

- Understand their motivations for work.
- Support employees who want to make a difference in the world and crave purpose in their work.
- Engage your employees by identifying how they are uniquely qualified to positively impact some of the world's most challenging issues.

#### Develop employees' leadership skills

- Engage employees in social impact and volunteer programmes to develop their leadership skills so that they are better equipped to scale their social impact in society.
- Examples of Google's social impact initiatives for employees:
  - o GooglersGive Google workplace giving programme
  - o Google supports me –Sponsoring employees to volunteer overseas.
  - o *Google Ambassadors* Providing volunteer opportunities for employees to work with non-profits/for-profits.
  - o Global Leadership Programme Providing overseas voluntary opportunities.

#### **Create a culture that is socially-driven**

- Make giving and volunteering core to the company's culture and encourage greater citizenship both inside and outside of the office
- Be honest and transparent with each other. This will help to build a better culture overall.
- Take advantage of your networks and leverage on their skills to amplify social impact.
- Engage employees from all levels (i.e. company, team, personal).
- Create measurable goals that are aligned with the company's social mission.

#### e. Don't Bury the Lead!



Rice Communications shared insights on effective ways to establish a positive image for your organization.

#### **Knowing your target audience (WHO?)**

- Define your target audience Be specific in targeting your audience (i.e. people who are critical to your business's success).
- Understand your target audience Research and gather information about your target audience
- Set your desired course of action Is the piece of information relevant to your target audience?

#### **Choosing your media platforms (WHERE?)**

• Identify media platforms where your target audience engage in – i.e. Bandwagon attracts music lovers/ TheEdge attracts business leaders.

#### **Crafting your news content (WHAT?)**

- Define the newsworthiness/content of your news by adopting news values i.e. timeliness, impact, prominence, proximity, novelty/human interest.
- Construct a key PR message
  - Establish product market fit by (i) establishing the relevance and importance of your company and (ii) defining your company's role and impact i.e. show how your company fills market gaps.
  - o Differentiate your company's products and services by highlighting your company's credentials, thought leadership and product uniqueness.
- Develop your story
  - o The lead Do not bury the lead. Provide the audience with the most interesting/attention grabbing news content at the beginning rather than at the end of the news story.

- o The story address the "meat" of the story and paint the full picture. Use 4-5 paragraphs to explain the "why" and the "how".
- o The background put your story into perspective by contextualising your story with current trends, historical milestones and references.

#### Pitch for media interest (WHEN & HOW?)

- Send out your pitch via press release or email pitch
  - o Craft a catchy headline or email subject line.
  - o Disseminate your pitch immediately to ensure timeliness and strategically to avoid peak periods (i.e. send them out on post Monday morning to avoid peak periods).
- Engage in follow-up phone conversation
  - o Ideal times to speak to a journalist between 10 am to 12pm and 2pm to 5pm.
  - o No calls after 5 pm unless there is an emergency.
- Arrange an interview
  - o Identify the parameters of your conversations.
  - o Any red flags or off-the-record territories should be internally identified ahead of time.
  - o Prepare a list of difficult questions and possible answers.
  - o Put together briefing notes for yourself, not for the journalist.
  - o Choose a conducive environment for the interview.
  - o Photographers should brief interviewees on appropriate dressing.
  - o When in doubt, do not answer.
- Follow up with the journalist
  - o Catch up with your reporters after the interview to build good rapport.
  - o Do a fact check with journalists for clarification purposes.
  - o Copy the News desk to avoid getting lost in the mailbox.



# f. Design Thinking for Emerging Social Needs in Singapore



#### What is Design Thinking?

Design thinking is about the language of the user. Grounded in empathy and understanding the needs of users before brainstorming and designing solutions, design thinking is an innovative tool for social enterprises to bridge gaps and address unmet social needs.

#### **Ways to Approach Design Thinking**

#### Taking a human centric approach in design

- Put people at the center when developing solutions incorporate a human perspective in all steps of problem solving, from ideation (observing problem within context) to implementation (creating user-friendly solutions).
- Focus on the users' perspective/experience by understanding their needs and requirements.

#### Design thinking rooted in empathy

- Understand users' needs and wants before designing care-giving solutions
- Engage in field work to immerse yourself in your clients' lives to understand them better.
- Be sensitive to your clients' emotions and consider them in your design process.
- Example re-thinking design of family courts
  - o Courtrooms are usually distressing for court-users, victims, families and children. To create a more calming and peaceful courtroom environment, a family court judge created a children's playroom near the courtrooms to facilitate easier childcare and better emotional management for court-users.

#### Understanding the relationship between user and environment

• Relationships are not just privy to people and studying the relations between the user and his/her environment is a crucial starting point to innovation and design thinking.

#### **Incorporating Design Thinking as a Culture and a Way of Life**

#### **Create Natural Touch Points**

- Creating natural touch points between vulnerable communities and the public.
- Example A school hiring a wheelchair-bound librarian provides opportunities for children to meet and understand person with disabilities naturally, thus instilling empathy from an early age.

#### **Empathy-Driven Education**

Another suggestion is for sign language to be offered as a third language in schools. Not only
does it facilitate easier communication, it fosters social inclusiveness, instills empathy in
students and thereby strengthens the spirit of the community.

#### **Reframing Social Issues**

- Reframing social issues to bring about a mindset change which fosters a culture of social inclusiveness
  - o i.e. Reframing disabilities through design in a way that reduces product stigma and product divide between disabled and public users avoid persons with disabilities being stigmatized for the "special" products they use.
- Designing inclusive products that cater to the special needs of persons with disabilities while benefitting the masses
  - o i.e. designing products for persons with an impaired arm may also be a solution to assist parents who have to carry their child whilst performing daily activities.

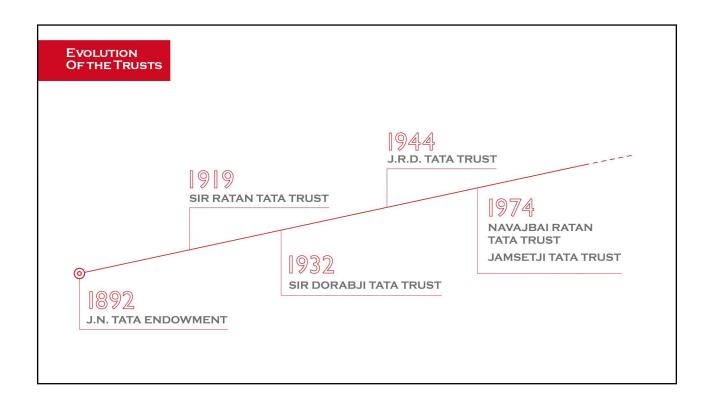




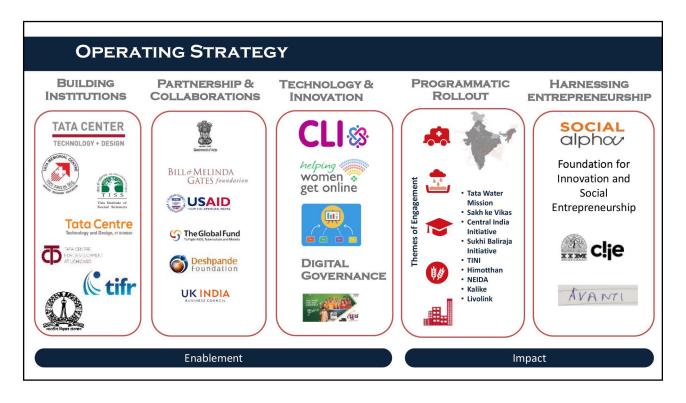
## TATA TRUSTS

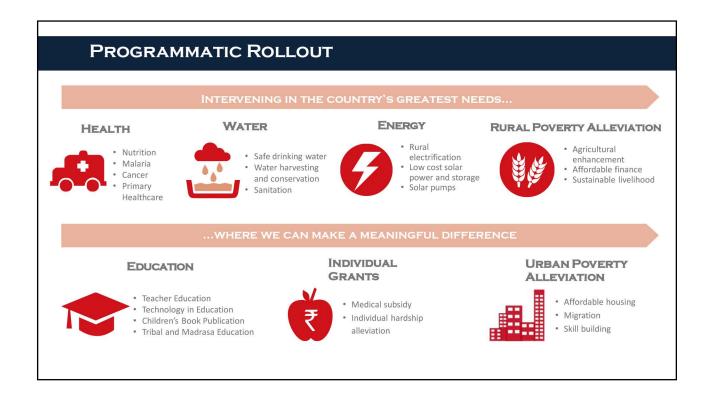
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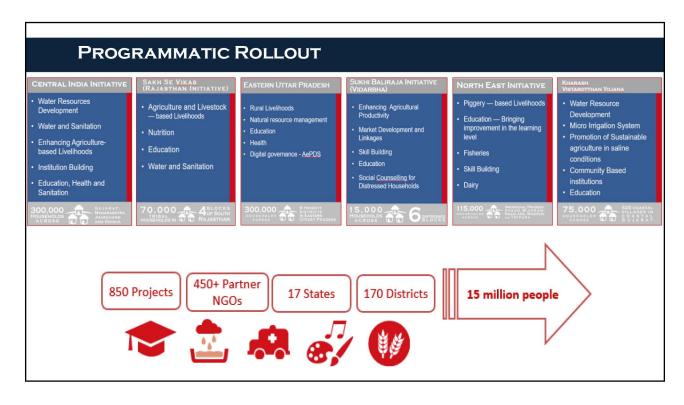
Making a sustainable difference



Appendix: Speaker Slides







#### HARNESSING ENTREPRENEURSHIP



INNOVATE. INCUBATE. ACCELERATE.

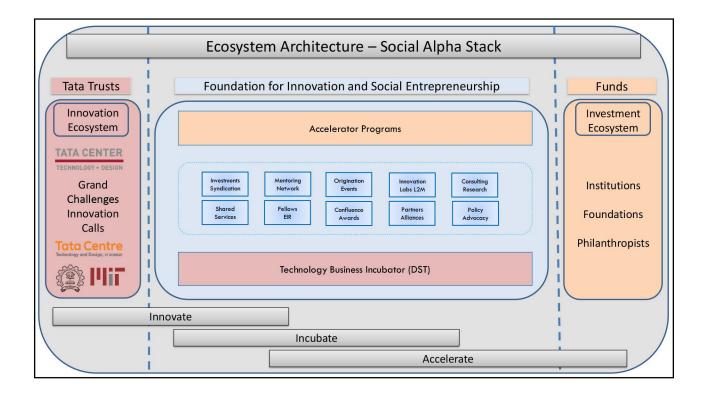
Venture Philanthropy + Technology Innovation + Social Entrepreneurship = Impact

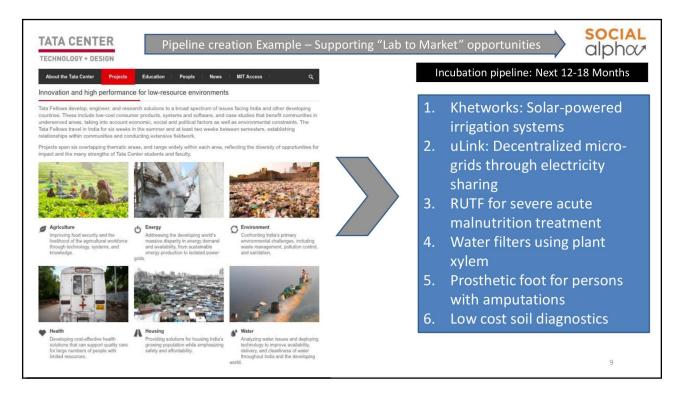
- Social Alpha is the 'ecosystem architecture' created by the 'Foundation for Innovation and Social Entrepreneurship' to nurture start-up teams through their lab to market journey.
- Social Alpha through its Accelerator and Incubator programs will allow a number of entrepreneurs to access institutional support, seed capital, leverage multiple academic and research institutions, academicians and their labs



- Making credit accessible to Underserved and Unserved – Anytime-Anywhere-Affordable
- Build a scalable and sustainable 'Trust based ecosystem' to usher in community level prosperity leveraging -
  - new age digital technologies
  - innovative products/ solutions designed around the end customer, and
  - social relationships (NGO's, FPO's, SHG's amongst others) to deliver affordable credit that will support livelihood generation and all credit needs

HA	ARNESSING ENTREPRENEURSHIP	
Vision	Imagine an India, where entrepreneurs and innovators can access the resources they need to create a deep and irreversible social impact and improve the quality of life specially for the underprivileged and deprived.	
	Parameters	Goal - 2022
	Gate 1 – Incubation Entry	500/Year
Goals	Gate 2 – Accelerator Entry	100/Year
	Gate 3 – Seed Support	50/Year
	Gate 4 – Series A	10/Year
	Gate 5 - Unicorns	Minimum 2 by 2022
Focus	Venture Philanthropy + Technology Innovation + Social Entrepreneurship = Impact  Social Alpha = f(Social Impact, Financial Sustainability, Operational Scalability)	
	Community Acceptance = Consumer ability = interface *access*affordability	
	Solution = PLM(Innovate, Incubate, Accelerate)	





#### SOCIAL ENTREPRENEURSHIP: SAMPLE PORTFOLIO



RangDe is a P2P lending platform committed to fighting poverty by providing access to affordable credit to underserved communities in India Small Change is a "Crowd Funding" platform for NGOs to communicate their work and promote giving among the youth





Hasiru Dala creates predictable livelihoods for wastepickers by providing total waste management services in urban India Habba is an online marketplace that focuses on significantly enhancing the incomes of artisan communities across India

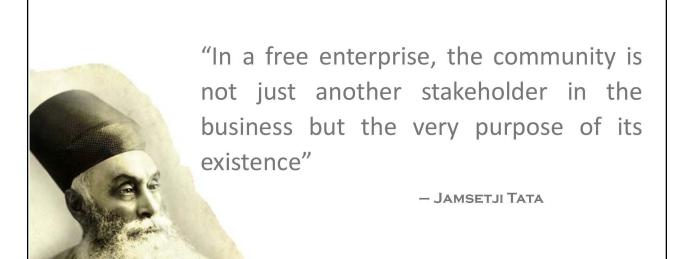




Meghshala improves the quality of education in government schools by empowering teachers with "teach kits" in local language Khethworks builds efficient and low cost solar-powered irrigation systems that help small and marginal farmers to enhance their income



10



#### THANK YOU

#### TATA TRUSTS

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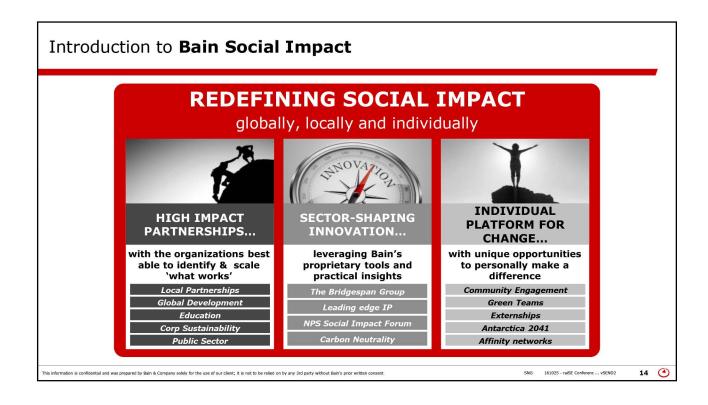


### **Singapore Social Enterprise Conference 2016**

25th October 2016



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The Why: We set out to develop an "easy-to-use metrics system" focused on select guiding principles



Will these metrics enable SEs to easily track their ongoing progress and improve effectiveness?

### Establish common language



How can we establish a standardized system across social enterprises?

### Communicate with stakeholders



To know the right timing to seek capital or capability support from stakeholders

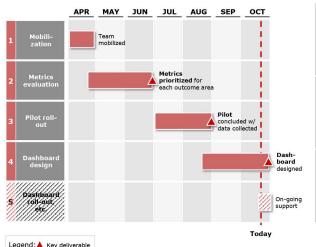
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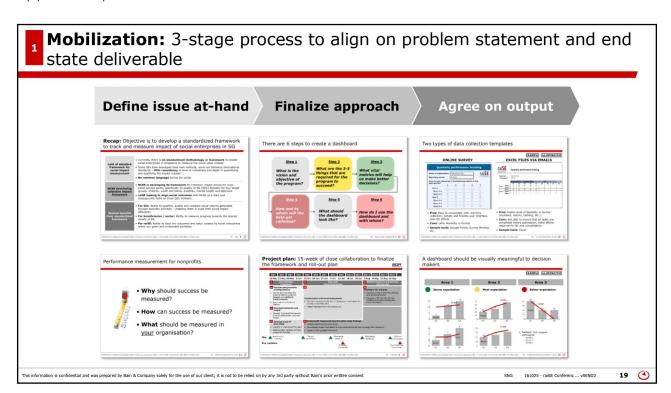
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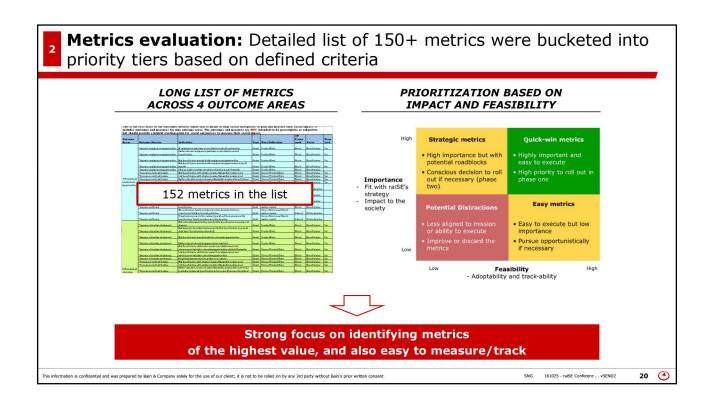


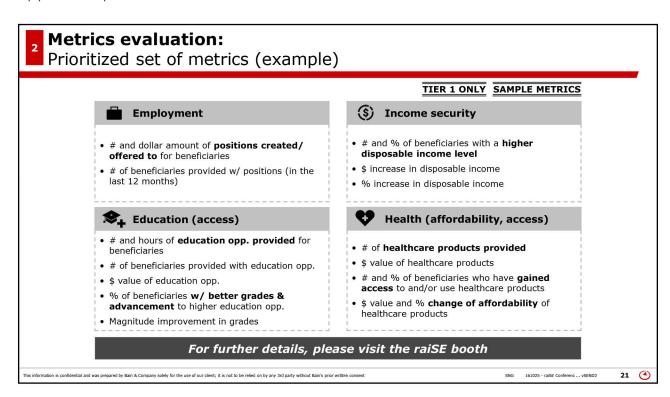
### The How: Our 6-month journey has culminated in a detailed dashboard, on the back of a successful pilot **PROJECT TIMELINE PILOT TEAMS**

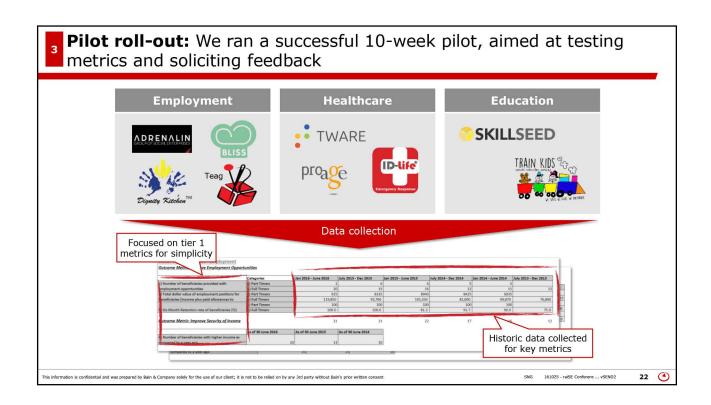












Pilot roll-out: What the SEs think so far?

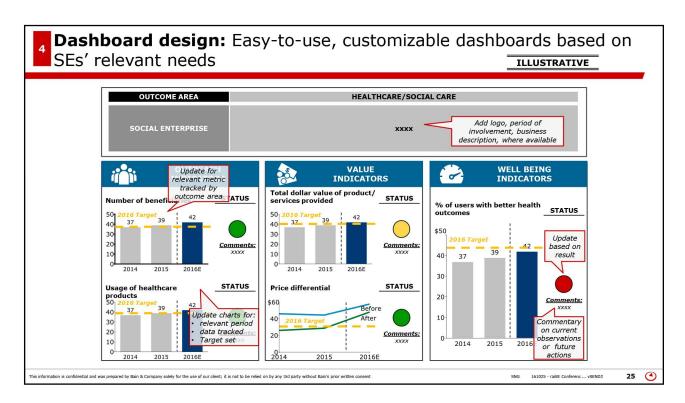
# How do you think the new framework will help the social enterprises?

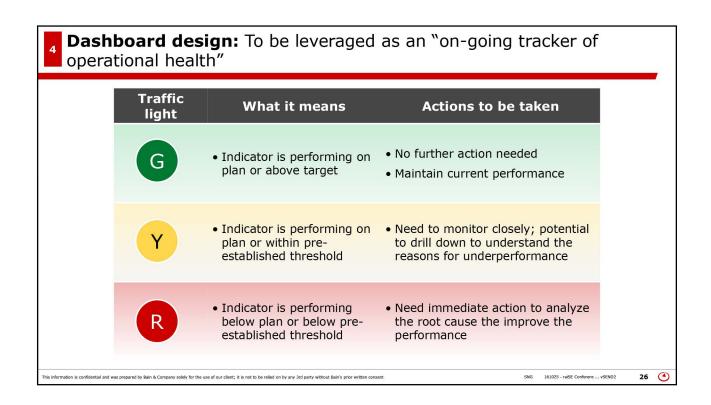
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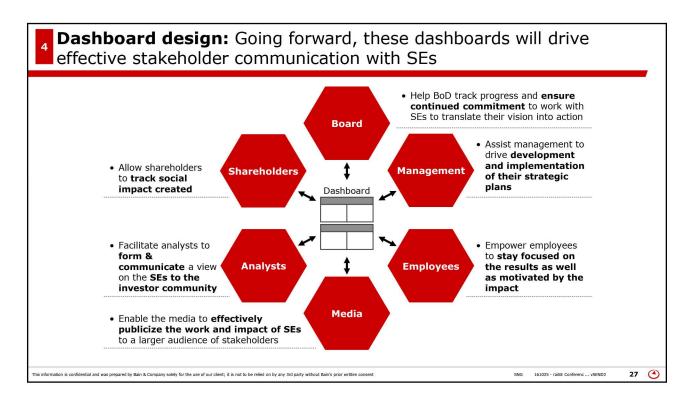
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### What next?



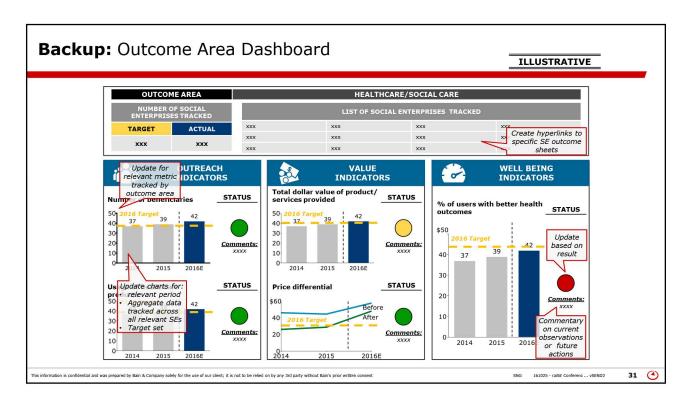
- Set up data input and dashboard system; Roll out to social enterprises nationwide
- Continue to raise and build awareness in the social entrepreneurship ecosystem in Singapore
- Leverage dashboards as a key tool to engage on social impact
- In the long term, could explore potential to use dashboards for membership or grant applications

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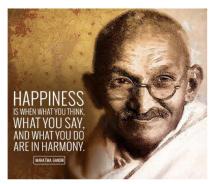






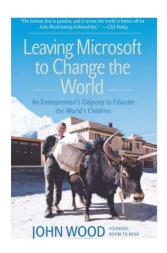
### Disillusionment with Business Careers?





Source: julianpencilliahinspire.com

### The Quest for Meaning...



### The Quest for Meaning...













### But How Much Difference Do You Really Make?

UNIQUE VALUE CREATION (a.k.a. "Added Value") =
The state of the world with your enterprise or project in it
MINUS

The state of the world if your enterprise or project did not exist

Source: "Value-Based Strategy" by Brandenburger & Stuart. Journal of Economics & Management Strategy. 1996.

### Maximizing Impact as a Business School Academic?

 $\underbrace{\overline{\text{INSEAD}}}_{}$ 

Executive MBA PROGRAMME 2015 Module 2 & 3 – October-November 2015

The Business School for the World®

STRATEGY

INSEAD

The Business School for the World®

MBA PROGRAMME

Singapore: Jan-Feb 2016 (Mini-Elective, P3)

STRATEGY AND IMPACT

INSEAD

The Business School for the World\*

Entrepreneurship and Family Business Programmes 2015

INSEAD Social Entrepreneurship Programme INSEAD

The Business School for the World\* In partnership with

Unilever

Leading the Business of Sustainability

### **Trevor Field**



Source: superforest.org/tag/superforest-hero/

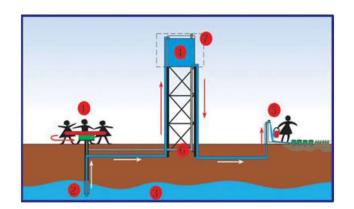
- · Had a successful career in advertising
- · Wanted to "give back" to the society
- Noticed how access to clean drinking water was a challenge for rural families in South Africa
- Started a social enterprise based on an innovation called the "PlayPump"

### The "PlayPump"





Source: www.plavpumps.co.za/



### PlayPump's Journey...

1994

Trevor Field sets up a company Roundabout Outdoor to produce and install PlayPumps

1999-2000

President Mandela inaugurates a school with a PlayPump in it A World Bank award and a Kaiser Foundation grant help set a target of 100 PlayPumps

South African Govt fast tracks a an NGO PlayPumps to channel funding tax-free 2005-2006

Major international visibility after PBS Frontline runs a film on PlayPumps U.S. Govt and Case Foundation pledge \$16m funding

PlayPumps International (PPI) set up for global fundraising

2007

PPI announces a 3-year effort to raise \$60m to reach 10m people in multiple African countries using 4,000 pumps

Corporate commitments, celebrity support, media coverage and donations keep rising



Source: Adapted from http://www.pbs.org/frontlineworld/stories/southernafrica904/timeline\_tw-htm

### The Reality on the Ground...

Pump Number	Well Point	Stand Post	Water Tower
MOZ 0006		13	
MOZ 0015		少	
MOZ 0018			
MOZ 0057		tr	

 $Source: Ralph Borland's PhD \ Dissertation; Obiols \ and \ Erpf, \ "Mission \ Report \ on \ the \ Evaluation \ of \ the \ PlayPumps \ Installed \ in \ Mozambique'' \ Notice that \ No$ 

### Two Questions People Forgot to Ask...





Source: dddxyz.org/fluid-or-frozen-zimbabwe-bush-pump-and-the-playpump/

- 1. What specific need did Playpump fulfill for the target customers/beneficiaries?
- 2. How was it better than alternatives in value creation (i.e., benefits minus costs)?

# What Really is Your "Impact"? Resources Activities Outputs Outcomes - What would have happened anyway? = IMPACT Just having "good intentions" is not enough for making a difference!

### Building a Corporate Social Initiative?

Adapted from: Clark, Rosenzweig, Long and Olsen. Double Bottom Line Project Report. 2003.



- Look for opportunities for quick and low-cost testing of your value proposition
- Nurture a mindset of learning from failure rather than incremental linear thinking
- Iteratively refine your "business model" as well as your "impact model"
- Protect the initiative from "corporate antibodies"
  - Independent multi-functional team
  - Sponsored and advised by senior leaders
  - Informal mechanisms for resource access and integration
- Customized performance metrics

### Social Intrapreneurship?

<u>Definition</u>: "Social intrapreneurs are employee who lead change within their organizations, without formal authority, that aligns with core business objectives while also advancing a social or environmental outcome."

Three observations about intrapreneurs:

- · Not the ultimate decision makers in the organizational hierarchy
- · Seek to align their agenda with the business objectives of the company
- · Try to institutionalize their social innovation into how the company works

Adapted from: G.F. Davis and C.J. White. 2016. Changing Your Company from the Inside Out.

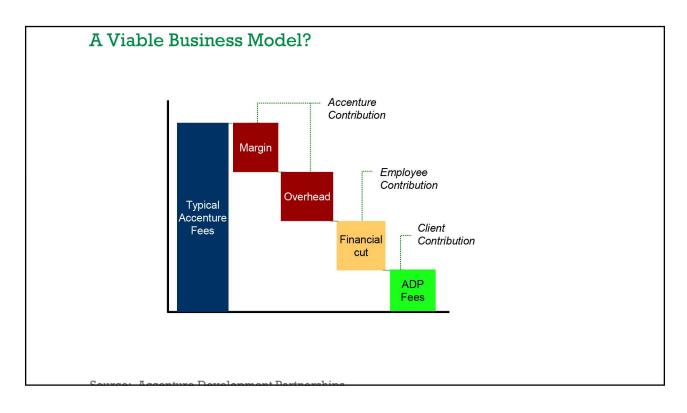
### Gib Bulloch (Accenture)

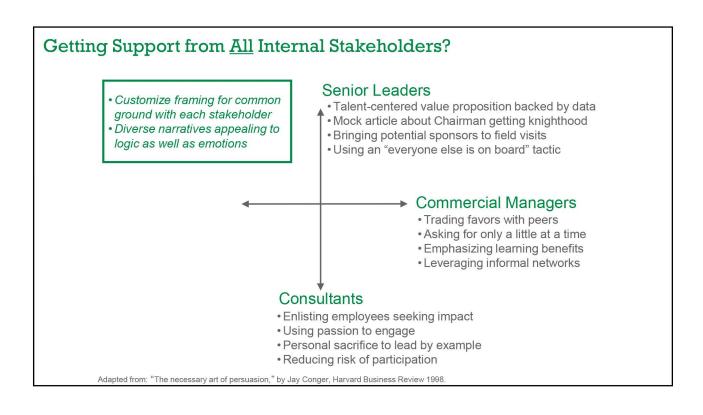


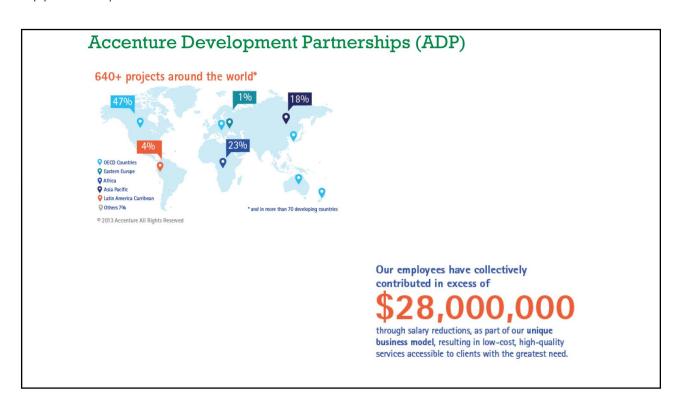
"You face a binary choice when leaving university: either you join a public or third sector organization and do good, or you join a business and do well.

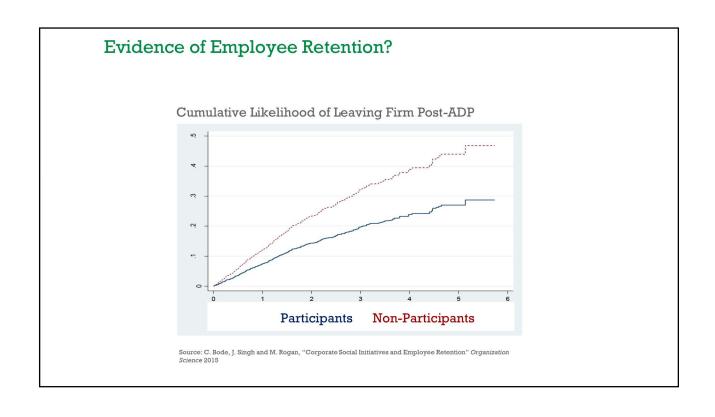
If it's the latter, one makes money and then as retirement looms, the desire to give back kicks in. But what if you don't want to wait until you're 60 to do good?"

Accenture Development Partnerships









### Summary: Succeeding as a Social Intrapreneur

- Pursue an approach consistent with your organizational context
  - Align your approach with overall strategy, structure and culture
  - Align your timing with organizational priorities and dynamics
- Develop a convincing "business case"
  - Customize framing for the stakeholders: manage up, down and across
  - Use diverse narratives: stories, imagery, numbers, explars
- Leverage networks
  - Find some senior people to support you as "sponsors" or "protectors"
  - Find peers to play different roles: Mavens, Connectors & Salespeople
- Use influence tactics to initiate a "social movement"

Adapted from: G.F. Davis and C.J. White. 2016. Changing Your Company from the Inside Out.





# WHERE ARE WE TODAY AND WHERE ARE WE HEADING TOWARDS?

- INSIGHTS FROM THE RAISE PUBLIC PERCEPTION SURVEY 2016

A/P Lam Swee Sum, Director
Dr. Weina Zhang, Research Director

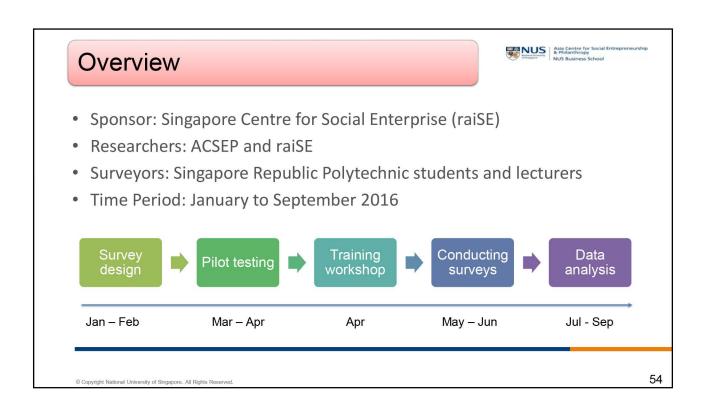
Asia Centre for Social Entrepreneurship and Philanthropy (ACSEP)

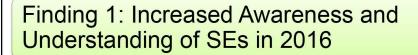
NUS Business School, National University of Singapore

Singapore Social Enterprise Conference, 26 October 2016

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# Agenda Overview Four Key Findings Three Key Challenges Recommendations Conclusion









### From 2010 to 2016:

Awareness: ↑ fivefold

Understanding: ↑ eighteen times

· Channels: Internet & word-of-mouth

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## Finding 2: Increased Buying from SEs





### From 2010 to 2016:

Ready Buyers → Buyers: 13%

Non-Buyers: Stagnant at 23%

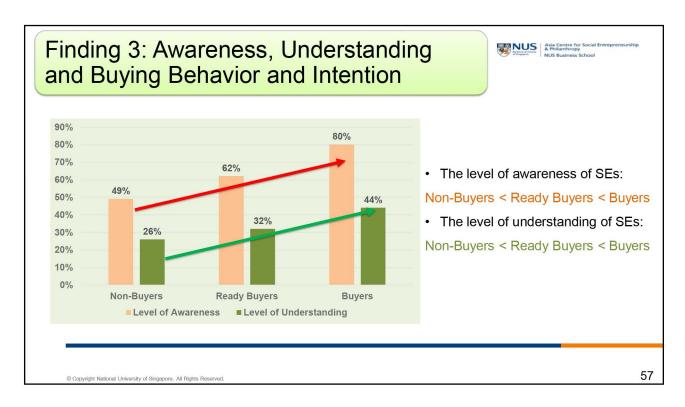
### Definitions:

Buyers: have bought before

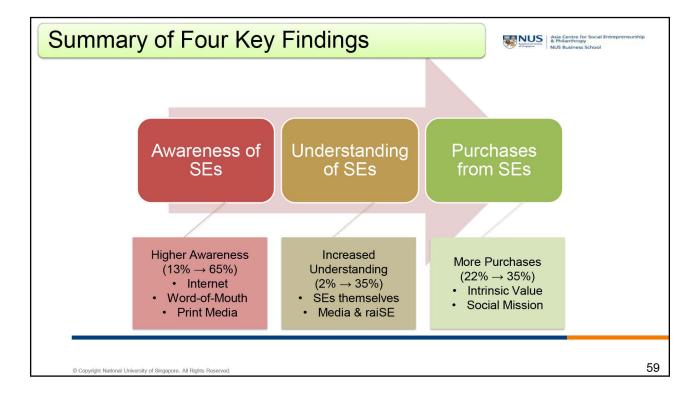
Ready Buyers: will buy in 6 months

Non-Buyers: didn't and won't buy

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### Three Key Challenges



- More discerning buyers who are less moved by philanthropic motivations.
- Social mission and uniqueness of the products and/or services offered by SEs matter for Buyers and Ready Buyers.
- Non-buyers are a resilient group who are attracted by the price and quality of the products and/or services offered by SEs.

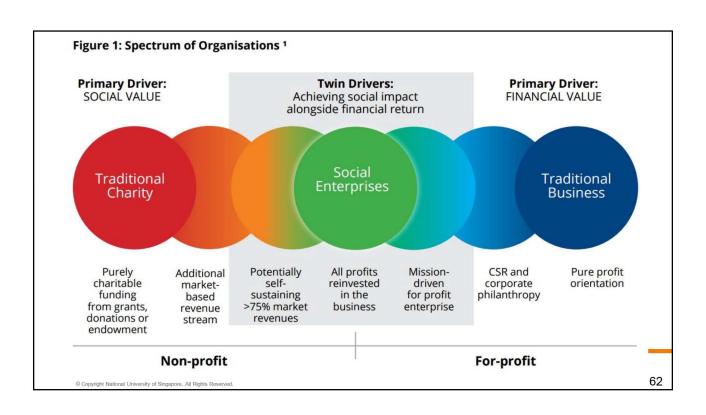
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### Recommendations for SEs



- Ensure to stay true to its committed social mission to continue to retain buyers and convert ready buyers.
- Increase competitiveness through improving the intrinsic value of the products and/or services to attract non-buyers.
- Differentiate from traditional business by increasing the public awareness and understanding, especially on its dual goals.

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## Recommendations for Public



- Increase public awareness and understanding of SEs
  - raiSE organized the first ever "Festival for Good". It will be good to have more of such outreach
    efforts to reach out to the unconverted.
- Be supportive of SEs through internet and word-of-mouth
  - raiSE "#part of the good" efforts, along with others like "Our Better World" and "Asia for Good" seek to achieve this.
  - Individuals can leverage on the power of social media, and sharing this to a wider audience on the web

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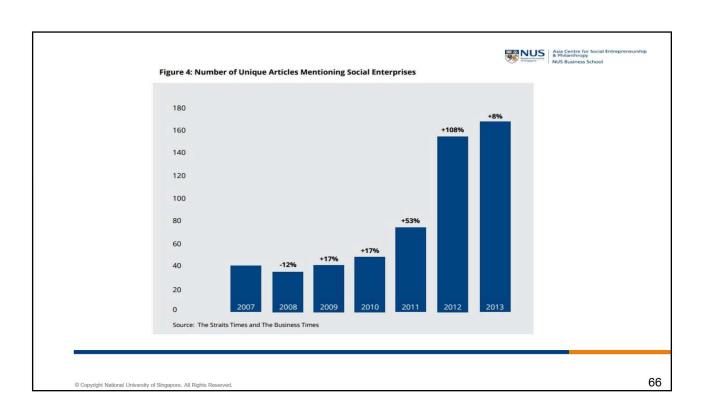


### Recommendations for Media

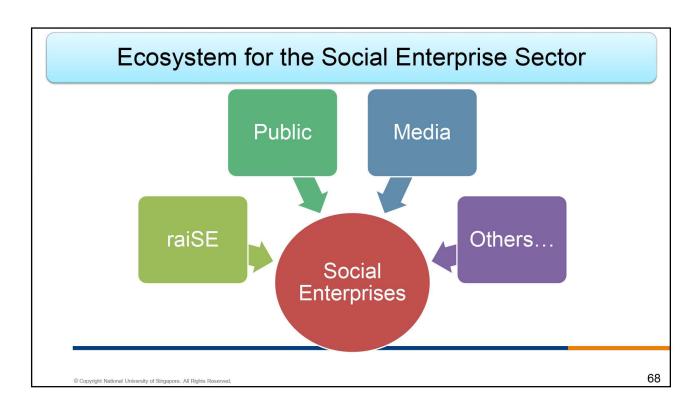


- Profile social entrepreneurs and SEs
  - Straits Times and Channel News Asia often feature articles or programs that cover SEs in Singapore and beyond.
  - raiSE constantly seeks opportunities with the media to profile social entrepreneurs and social enterprises.
  - ACSEP runs an annual student event -- "Crossing the Chasm" that allows NUS students (or beyond) to work closely with social entrepreneurs for a few months before coming out with real solutions to real challenges.

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### Conclusion

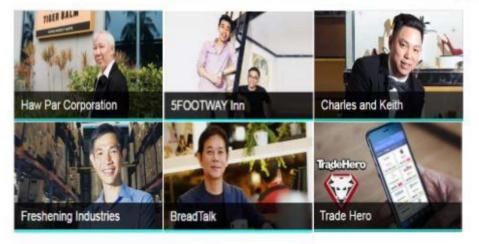


- 2016 survey revealed a significantly higher level of awareness of SEs, a better understanding of SEs, and increased purchasing made by the respondents.
- SEs have to work harder on the intrinsic value offered by their products and/or services to attract more customers besides carrying on their social missions.
- All stakeholders need to work together to grow the SE sector.

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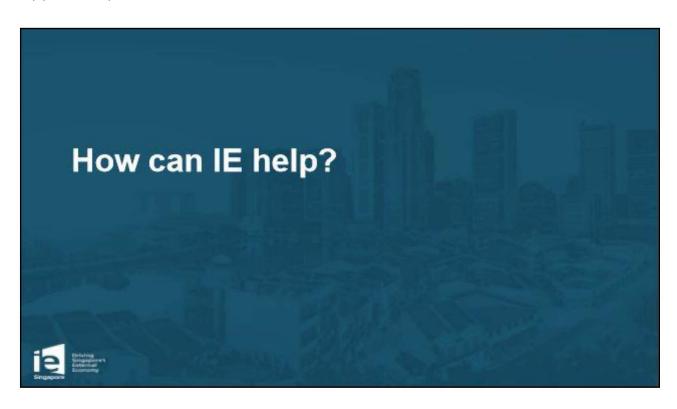


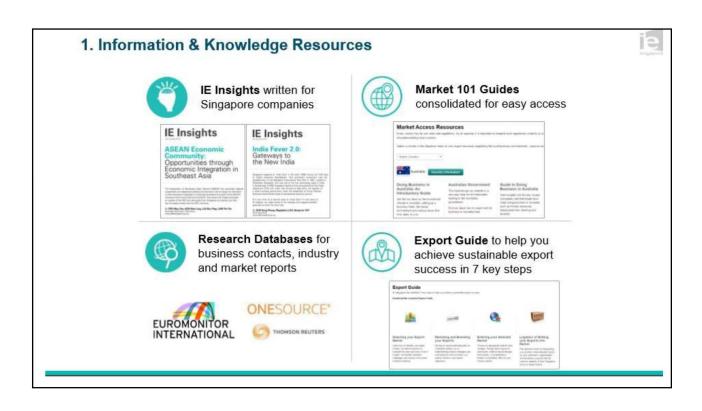
# IE has helped Singapore companies both big and small internationalise successfully...



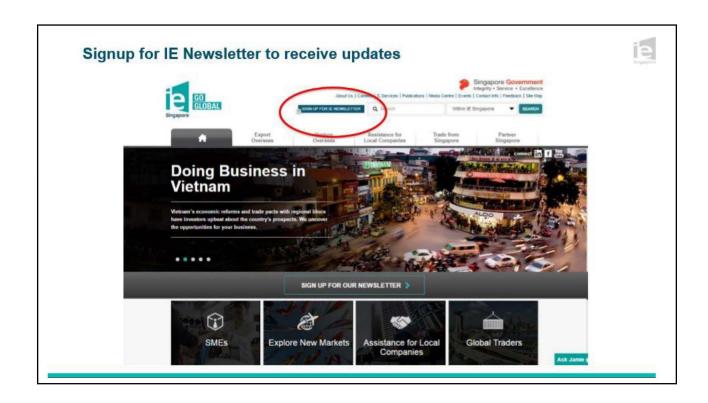
### Agenda

- 1. Overview of IE and its assistance
- 2. Market Readiness Assistance (MRA) Grant
- 3. Double Tax Deduction (DTD) for Internationalisation
- 4. Market insights: SEA and Indonesia

















### Qualifying criteria for MRA Grant

- · Global HQ anchored in Singapore
- An annual turnover of less than S\$100 million per annum based on the most recent audited report
- Must be a company registered under the Companies Act, Chapter 50. The following business entities are not eligible:
  - · A public company limited by guarantee
  - · Sole proprietor
  - Partnership

### **MRA Grant**



### Overseas Market Set-Up

Setting up your business with:

- · Market feasibility study
- Advisory on tax, legal, import and export regulations
- · IP search, filing and registration
- Drafting of franchising, distributorship and JV agreement



### Overseas Business Partners

Identification of potential:

- · Licensees and Franchisees
- · Agents and Distributors
- · Joint Venture (JV) Partners



### Overseas Market Promotion\*

Overseas promotion through:

- Overseas Marketing and PR activities
- · Online Marketing Activities
- Participation in overseas trade fairs

# Example 1: Company A wants to protect its trademark in Malaysia

### What company A can do

 Approach a professional business consultant to conduct market assessment to assess the feasibility of setting up an F&B outlet in Malaysia

### MRA Grant Support

 \*Up to 70% of the cost incurred in market studies and analysis, or cap at \$20,000 per company per fiscal year (whichever is lower)

### Calculations

•If the total consultancy costs in providing the service is \$8,000, MRA support up to \$5,600 (70% of \$8,000)

### **Application Process**

### Step 1:

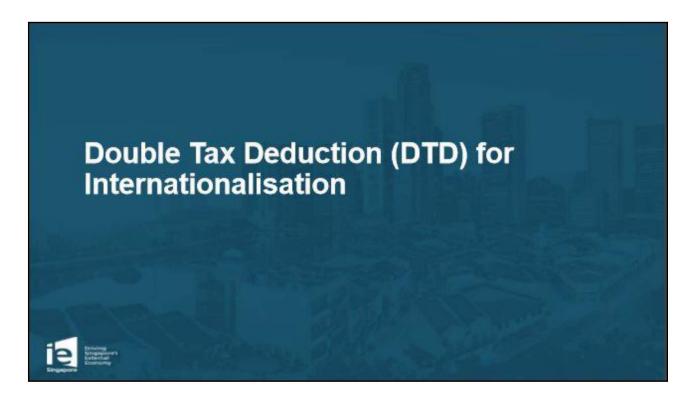
Request a cost quotation from the third party consultant/vendor that you like to appoint

### Step 2

Submit the application via Business Grant Portal (<u>www.businessgrants.gov.sg</u>)

### For enquiries on:

BGP – please call SME Infoline at +65 6898 1800
CorpPass – please call +65 6643 0577 or email support@corppass.gov.sg



#### Qualifying criteria for DTDi

- · Singapore-registered company and firms; OR
- Have a permanent establishment in Singapore with the primary purpose of promoting the trading of goods or provision of services; AND
- Not be enjoying any other forms of tax incentives granted under the Singapore Income Tax Act or Economic Expansion Incentives (Relief from Income Tax) Act.

#### DTDi offers a 200% tax deduction on eligible expenses for overseas market development and investment development activities Market Marketing & Market **Market Preparation** Introduction Promotion Presence · Participating in Overseas · Establishing overseas Engaging thirdparty professional overseas business/ advertising and trade offices market promotions · Promoting the company's consultant for development trips - Production of master license and Design of packaging corporate brochures franchise overseas Exhibiting in for overseas markets overseas and for overseas o Engaging third-party Products/services approved local distribution professional consultant certification for trade fairs Advertising in for investment feasibility/ overseas market approved local due diligence studies Overseas market trade publications o Participating in overseas survey/feasibility study investment development trips or missions · Posting of Singaporeans · Market development activities to new overseas entities Investment development activities

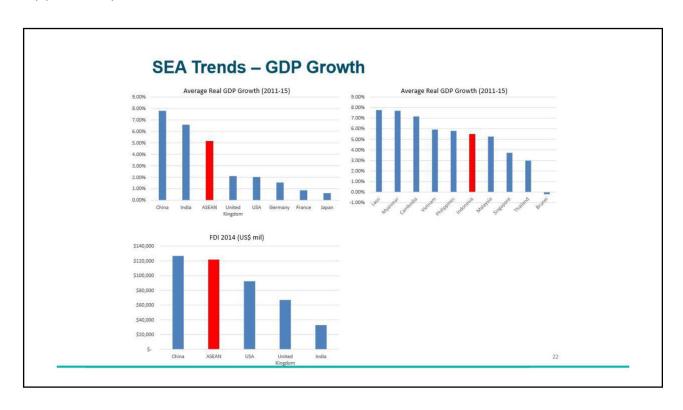


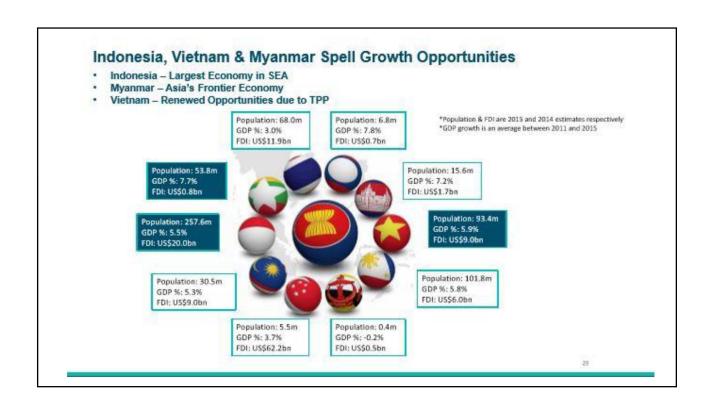
#### How DTDi can benefit companies

	With DTD	Without DTD
Revenue	\$100,000	\$100,000
DTD eligible expenses	(\$20,000)	(\$10,000)
Other expenses	(\$30,000)	(\$30,000)
Taxable profit	\$50,000	\$60,000
Tax payable at 17%	\$8,500	\$10,200
DTD tax savings	\$1,700	-



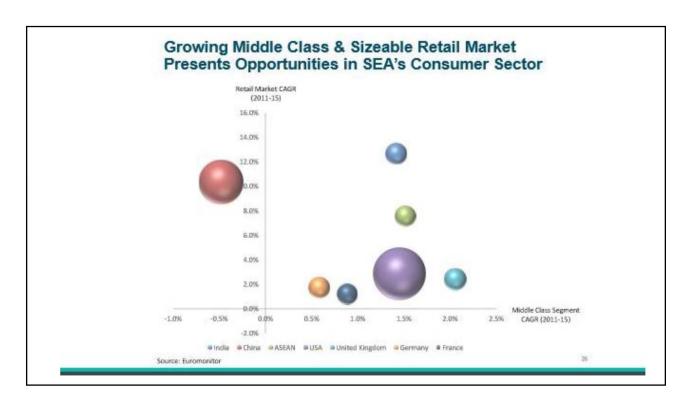


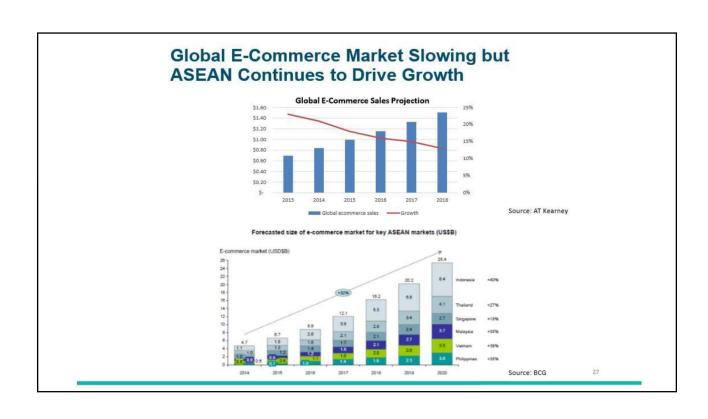








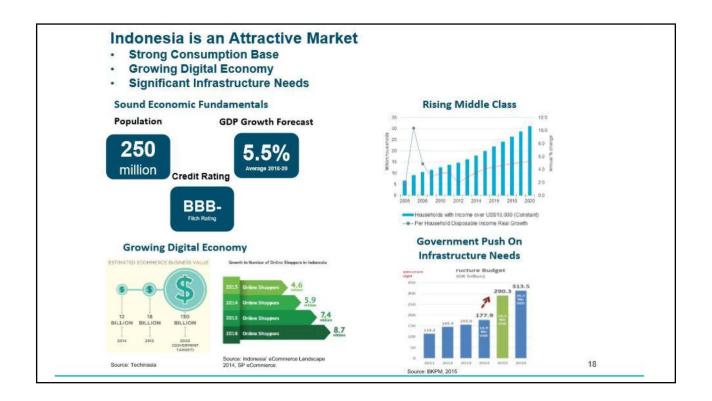












#### Leveraging Growth Opportunities in Indonesia's Top Three Cities

#### **Jakarta**



Population: 10.2mil (28.0mil) Density: 15,340/km² Ave. per Capita GDP: 5GD12,560

- Top City in Indonesia
- Centre of commerce
- Highest purchasing power
- Fastest technology adoption

#### Surabaya



Density: 8,300/km<sup>2</sup> Ave. per Capita GDP: SGD3,070

- 2<sup>nd</sup> largest City
- Spring board to East/ Central Java
- Infrastructure Deficit
- Lower Land/ Labour Costs

#### Bandung



Population: 2 4mil (7 4mil Density: 14,000/km<sup>2</sup> Ave. per Capita GDP: SGD3,150

- 3<sup>rd</sup> largest City
- Extension of Jakarta (Jkt-Bandung HSR)
- · "Silicon Valley" of Indonesia

#### **Key Sectors**

Infrastructure Consumer Digital

Infrastructure

Manufacturing

Infrastructure

Digital

19

#### Key Growth Trends in Indonesia















#### Infrastructure

#### Consumer

#### Manufacturing

#### Digital

#### **Fundamentals**

- Government Push On Infrastructure Needs
- 250 Million Population
- Rising Middle Class
- Lower Cost Production
- Overcome Non-Tariff Barriers to Access Large Market
- **Growing Digital** Economy
- Rapid Technology Adoption

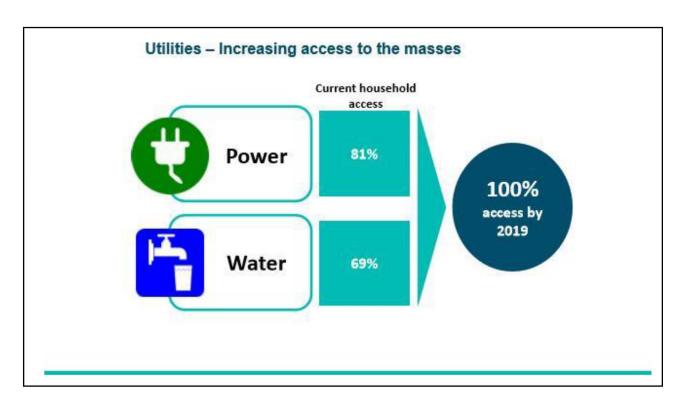
#### Focus Areas

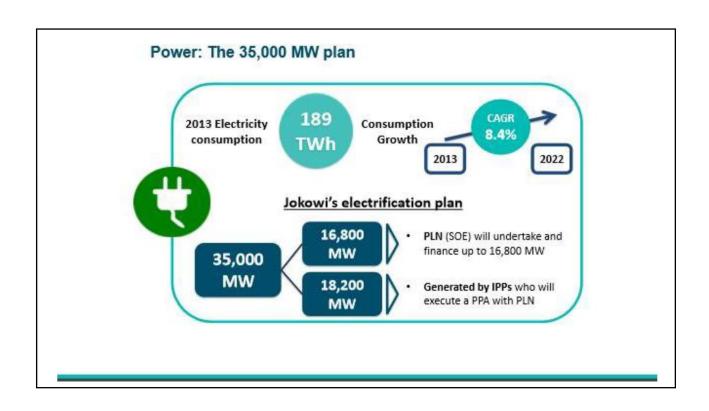
Utilities

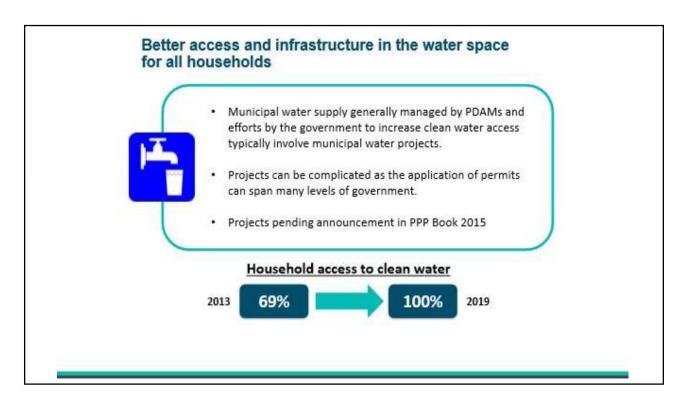
Transport

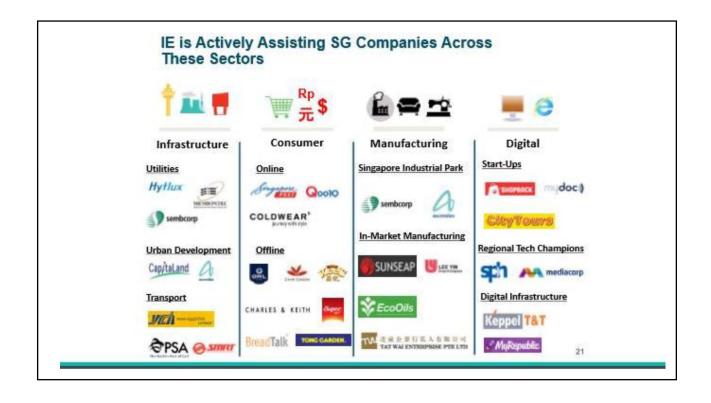
- · Offline
- · Urban Development · Online
- SG Industrial Parks
- SG Manufacturers
- Start-ups
- Regional Tech Champions
- Digital Infrastructure

20

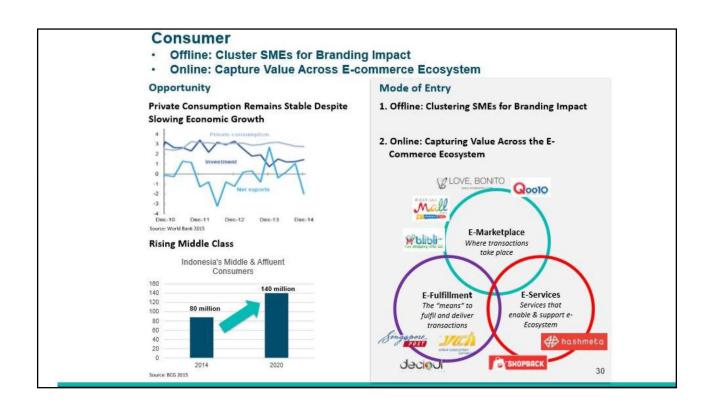


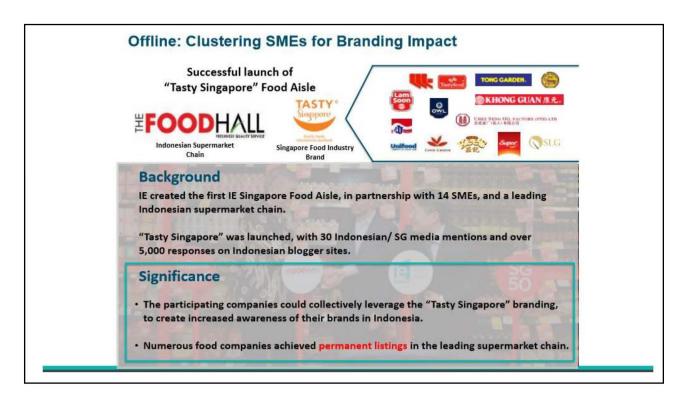


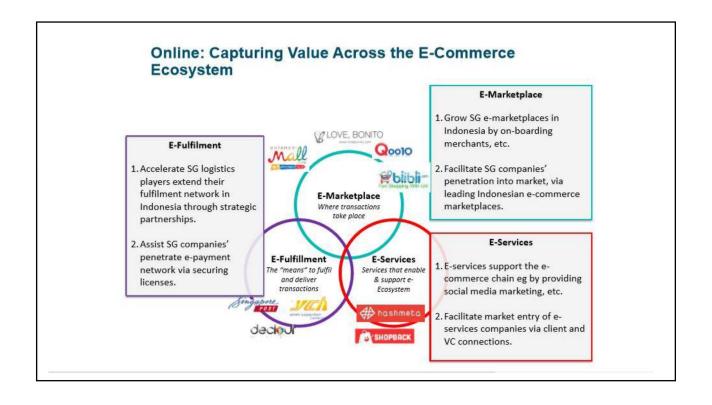












#### Social Entrepreneurship: Opportunities for Social Development

#### Social Issues



11.2% of the population lives below the national poverty line, and half the population lives on less than \$2 a day



36% of the population aged 15 years and above is unemployed.



For every 1,000 babies born, 23 die before their 1<sup>st</sup> birthday

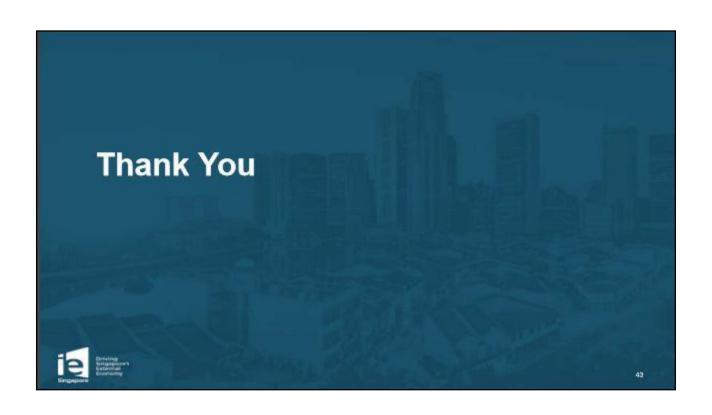
#### Causes

Limited formal sector employment opportunities

Unequal access to quality education

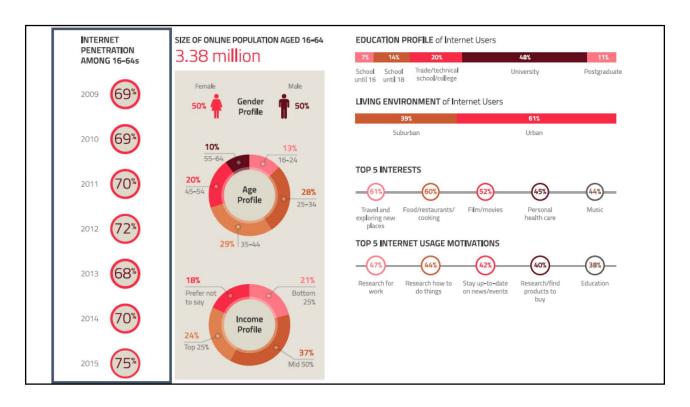
Shallow social safety net Unequal access to quality healthcare

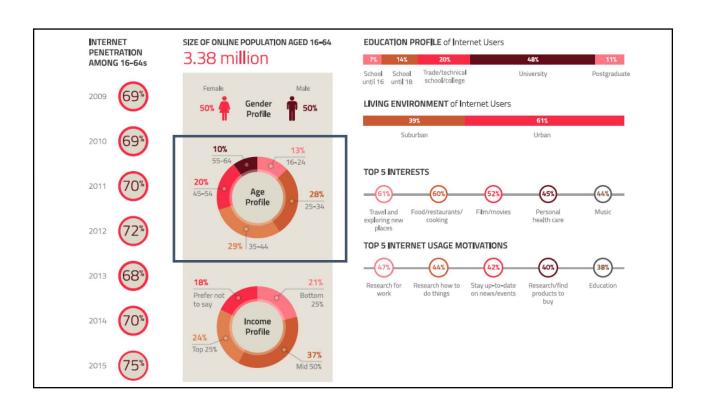
Source: Statistical data on poverty and socioeconomic development in Indonesia based on research by the Asian Development Bank (2016)

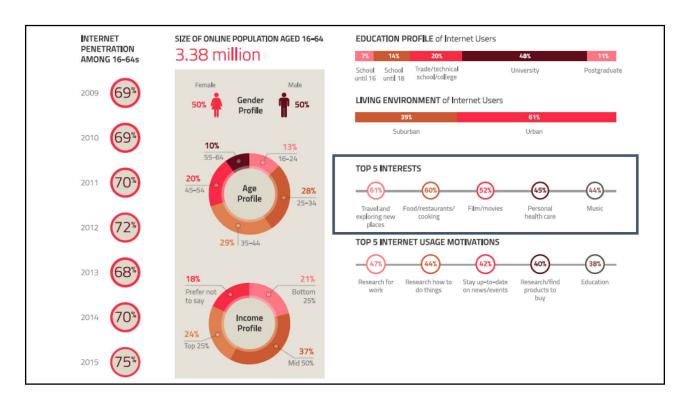


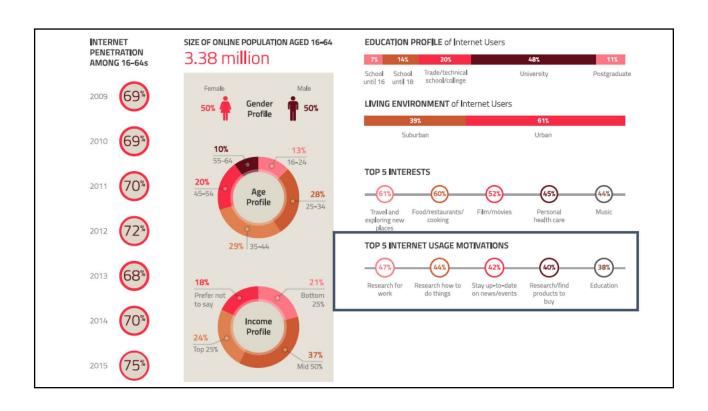


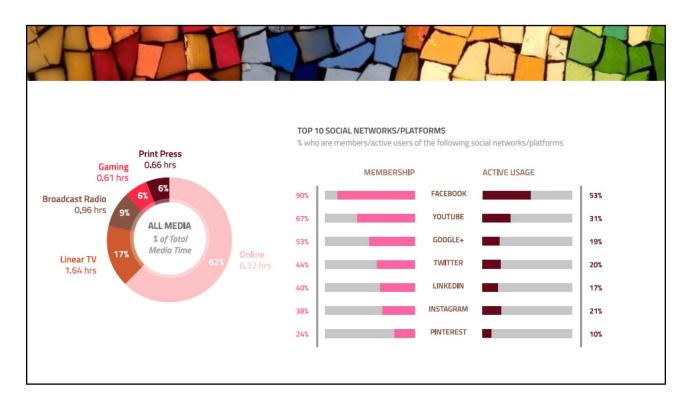


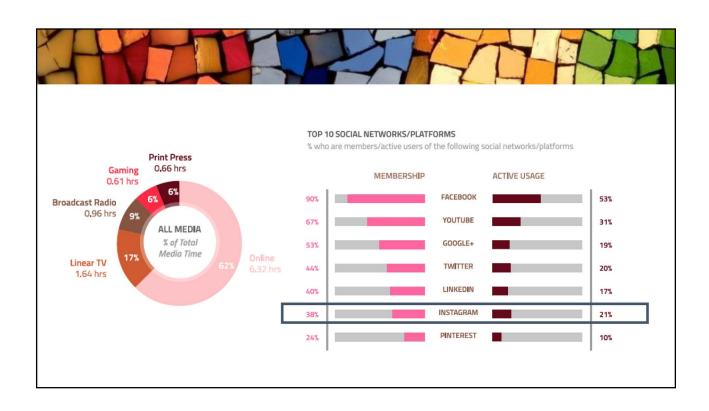


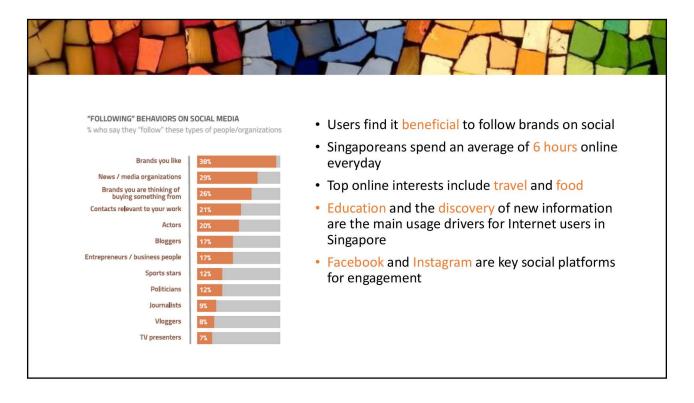


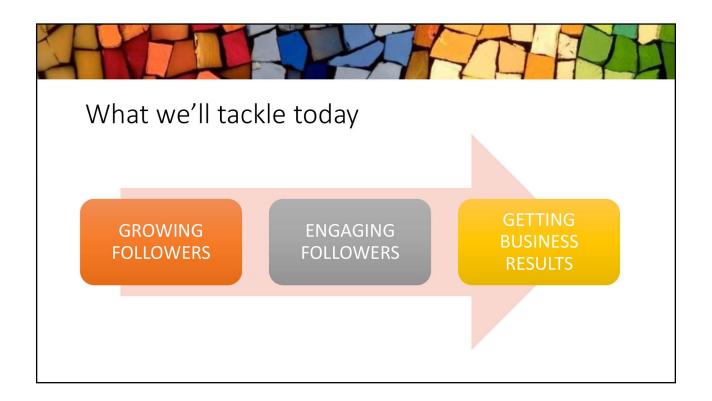




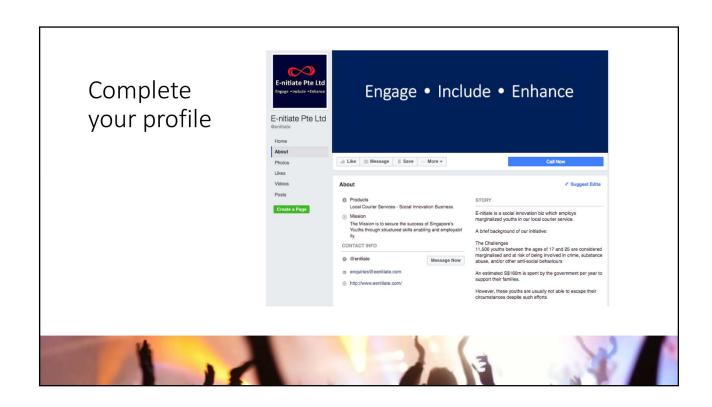












# Run competitions

- Sweepstakes
  - Random: "LIKE" and "SHARE" for a chance to win
  - Fill-in-the-blanks: For my next vacation, I want to go to
  - Crowdsourcing: What should we do next?
- Quizzes
  - How well do you know the brand/product/industry?
- Photo competitions
  - Share a photo of yourself at our location/with our product/how you use our product

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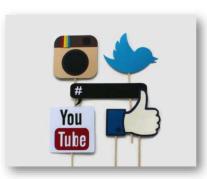
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- Photo competitions
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# Boost offline traffic drivers

- Flyers
- Events
- Product labels
- Word of mouth

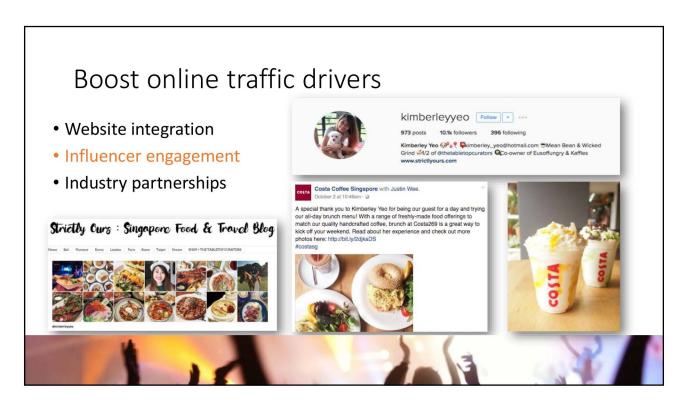






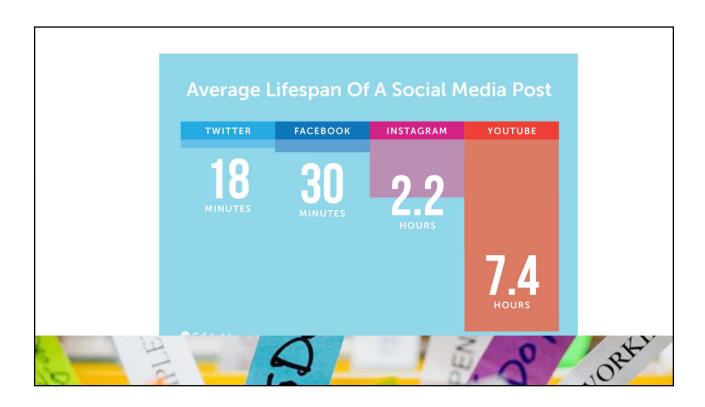
- Website integration
- Influencer engagement
- Industry partnerships

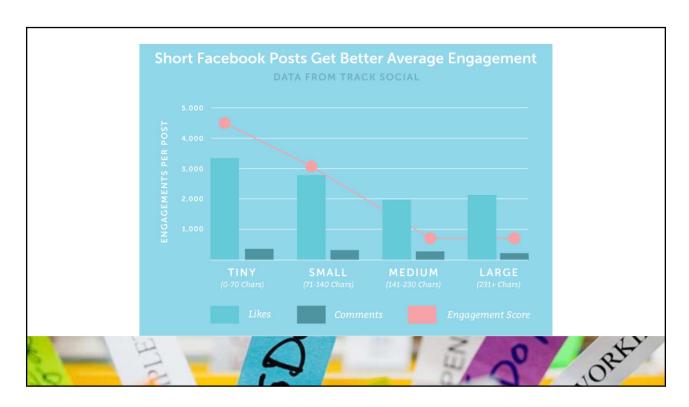


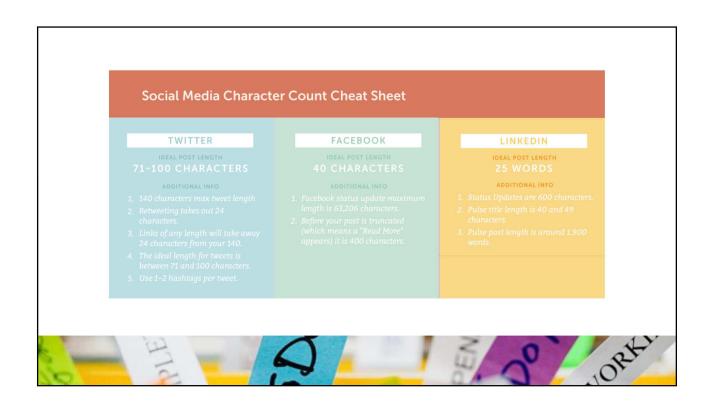








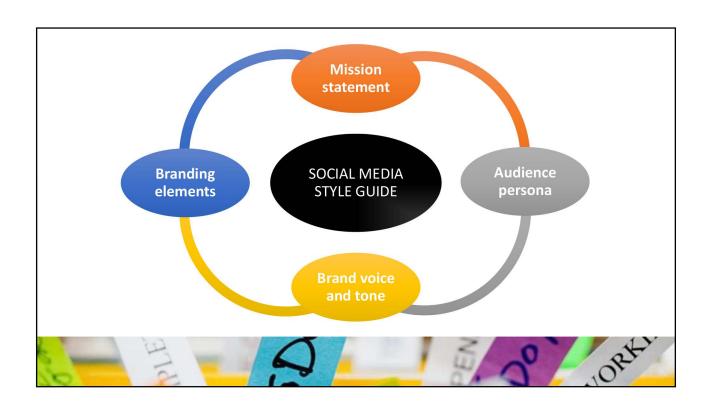




# Building your Social Media Style Guide

#### Start by asking these questions:

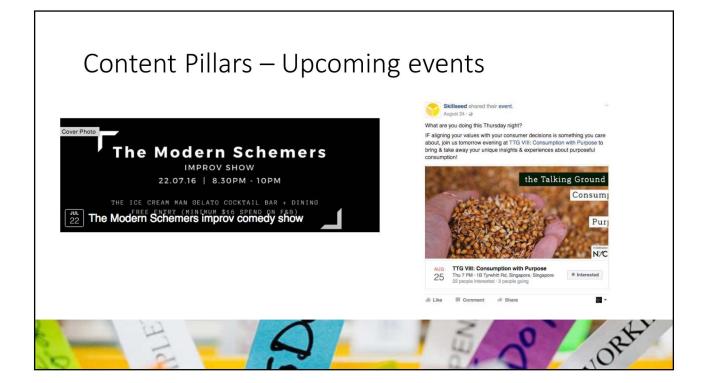
- What is my/our mission or purpose?
- · What are our values?
- What kind of language and tone does our audience use?
- Then, try filling in the blanks here a few different ways:
  - "We are \_\_\_\_\_\_, but we're not \_\_\_\_\_."
  - Example: "We are funny, but we're not offensive." Or, "We are professional, but we're not stuffy."
  - The idea is to narrow down who you are, and who you're not.

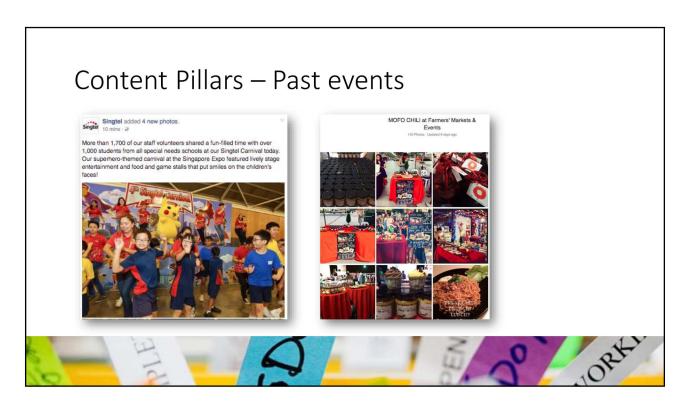


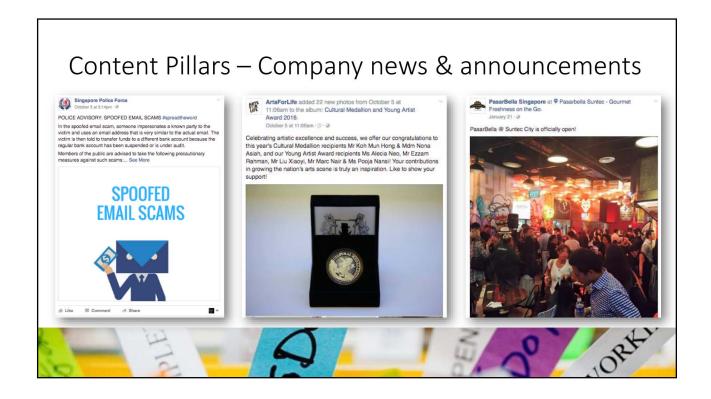
## Content Pillars

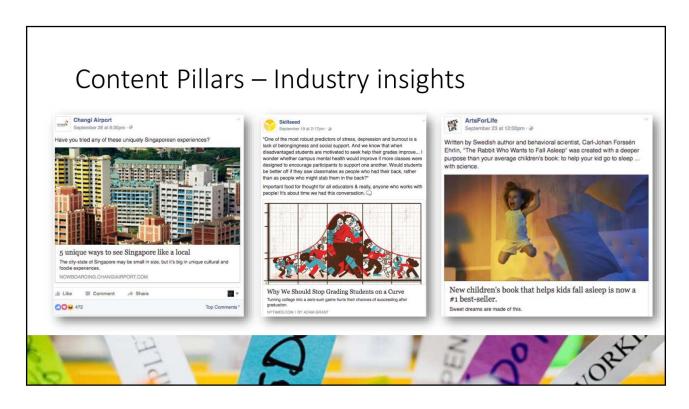
- Upcoming events
- Past events
- Company news/announcements
- Industry trends
- New products and services

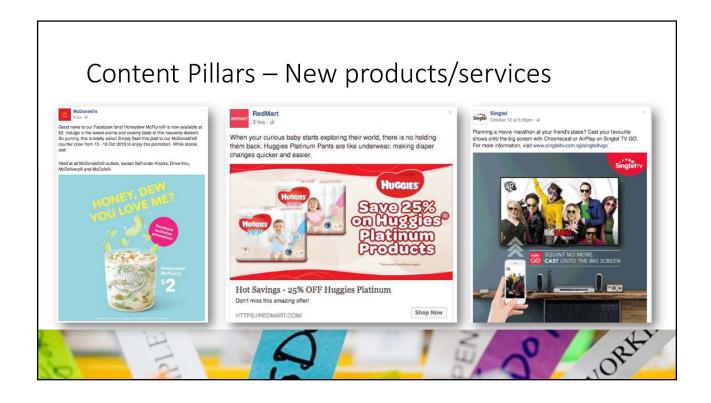




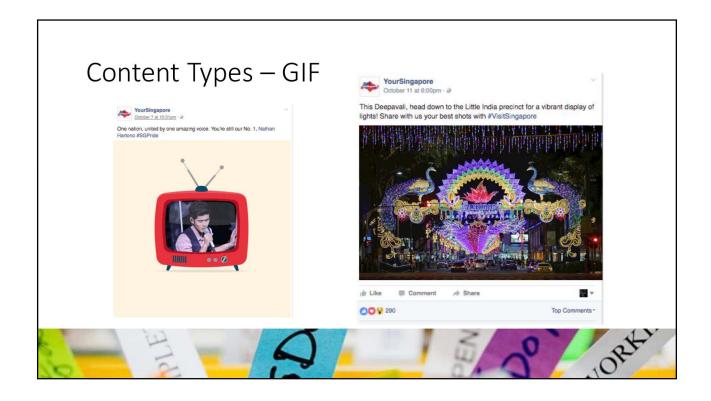








# Content Types The most effective social media content: • GIF • Graphics • Photograph • Video • Infographic



# Content Types – Graphics





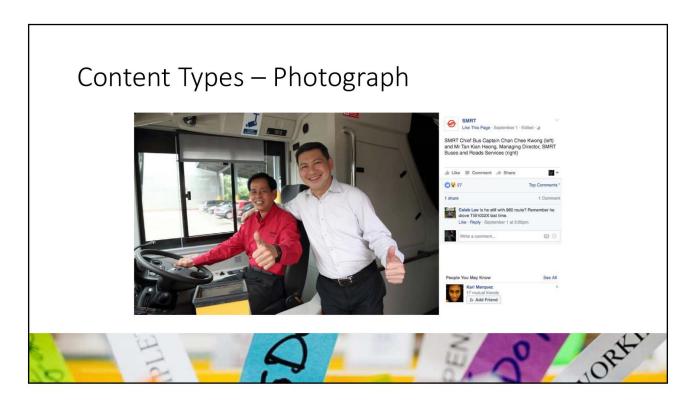


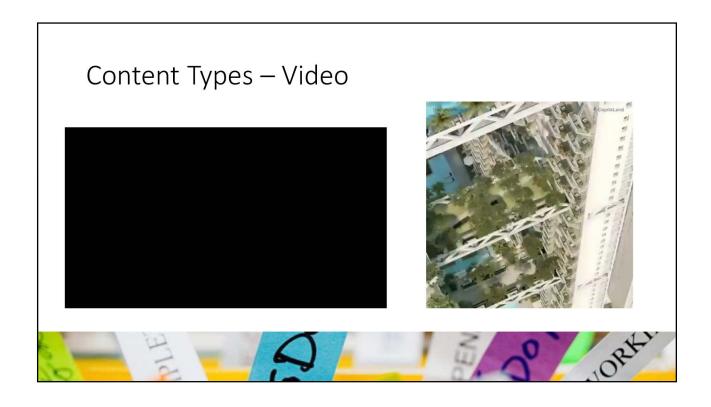




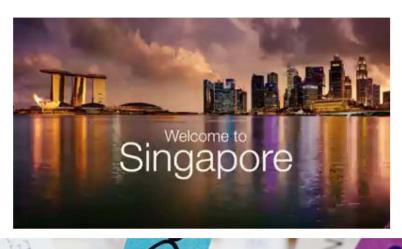


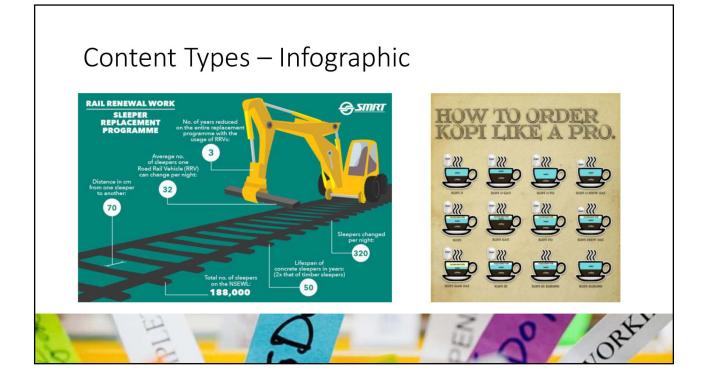
ORIL











# **Content Tips**

- Put your audience first
- Aim for shareable article headlines and content overall
- Have a clear message-match between posts and destination pages
- Make sure your copy matches your visual content
- Don't be overly pushy or promotional
- Keep posts "short and sweet"



## Do you...

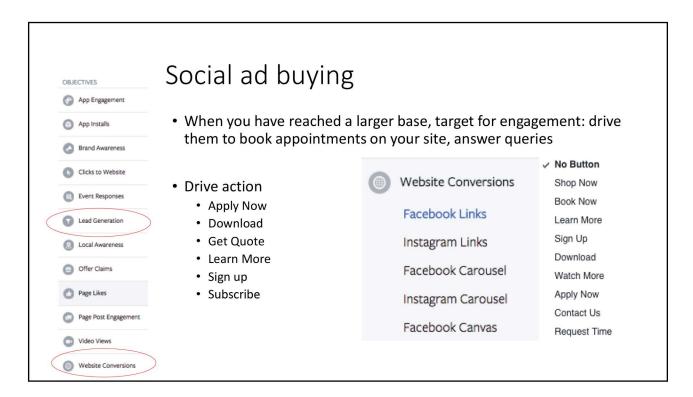
- get confused when you logon to Facebook ad manager?
- run away from the Facebook Power Editor because it gives you bad dreams?
- feel you have wasted far too much money on Facebook Advertising with little to zero return?
- not know where to start when it comes to paid media, earned media and everything in between?
- not know the difference between a Facebook boosted post or any other type of Facebook advertisement?

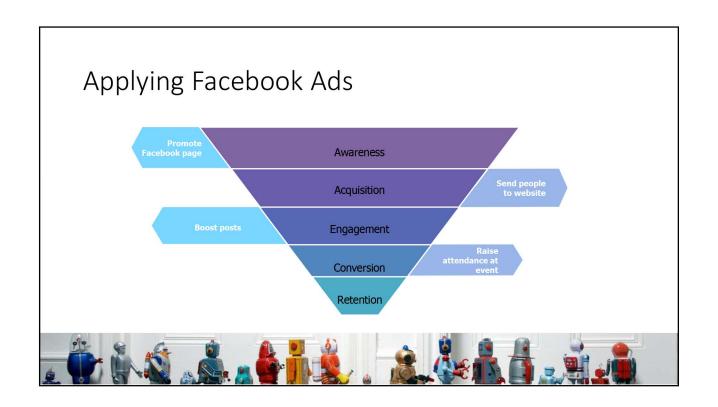


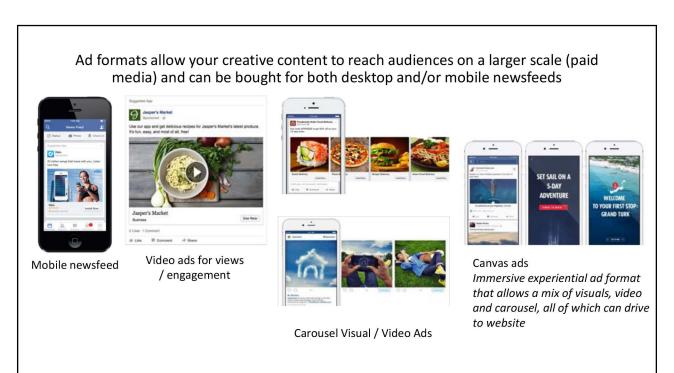
# OBJECTIVES App Engagement App Installs Brand Awareness Clicks to Website Event Responses Lead Generation Local Awareness Offer Claims Page Post Engagement Video Views Website Conversions

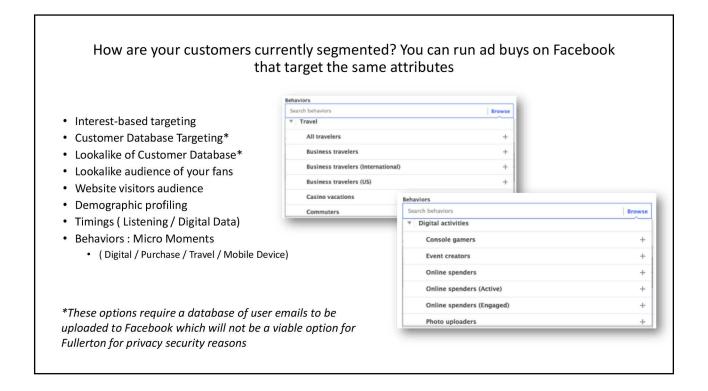
# Social ad buying

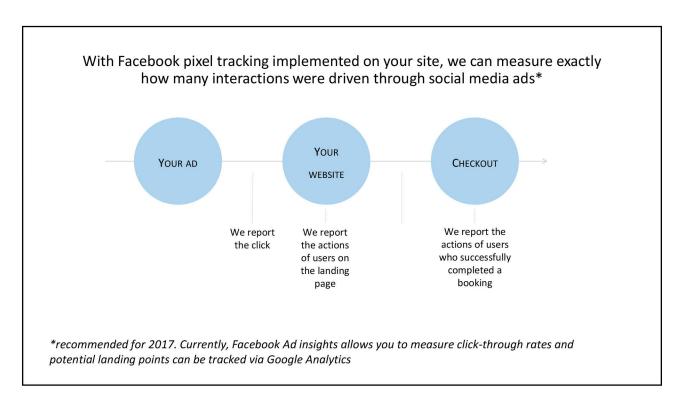
- Ad buys are highly customisable depending on
  - · What objectives you are trying to drive
  - · What content your format is in
  - · What message you are trying to bring across
  - What expected outcome you desire
- For starters in awareness and acquisition, target your desired age group with a specific ad that drives views of your content, rather than engagement
- It is possible to buy ads for page likes, but it is not recommended. You
  want audiences to discover your brand through the content that you
  have sponsored, rather than merely seeing a "Like Page" ad that says
  nothing about the brand

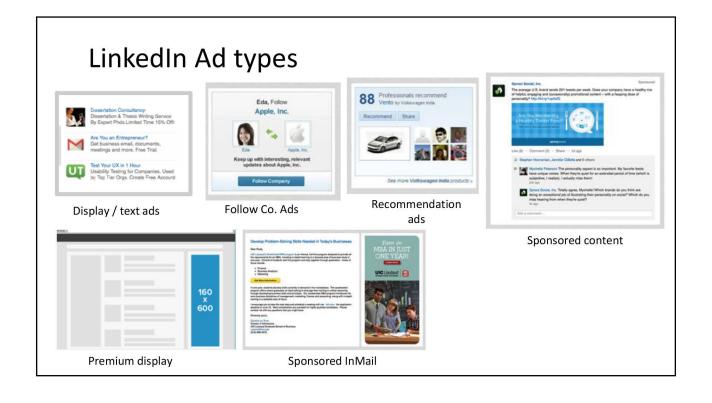












#### Mix and match formats against objectives for platforms LINKEDIN **FACEBOOK** YOUTUBE AWARENESS / Page Post Link Ads Display, text or video ads Display ads **ACQUISITION** Carousel ads Sponsored content Pre-rolls Post Engagement Ads Premium Display Overlay ads **Recommendation Ads** Canvas Skippable video ads **Targeting Options:** Demographics, Interest, Geographic, Website Visitors, Competitor pages Behaviours, Interests, Occasions CONVERSION Page Post Link Ads Sponsored content Display ads Carousel ads Sponsored InMail Pre-rolls Overlay ads Follow Company Ad Non-Skippable video ads (<20s) Sponsored cards **Targeting Options:** Demographics, Interest, Geographic, Website Visitors, Competitor pages Behaviours, Interests, Occasions, Re-Targeting of people who have watched your video, visited your website, etc



## Website checklist

- Check your site's mobile friendliness
- Retrieve page speed insights
- Assess your searchability
- Install Analytics
- Vertical + horizontal navigation



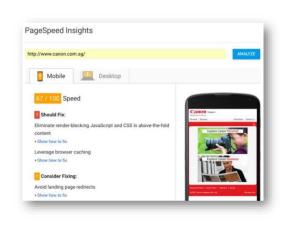
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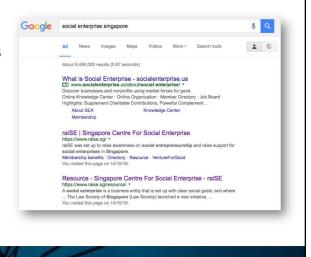
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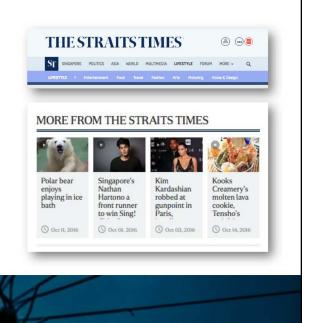
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# Website checklist

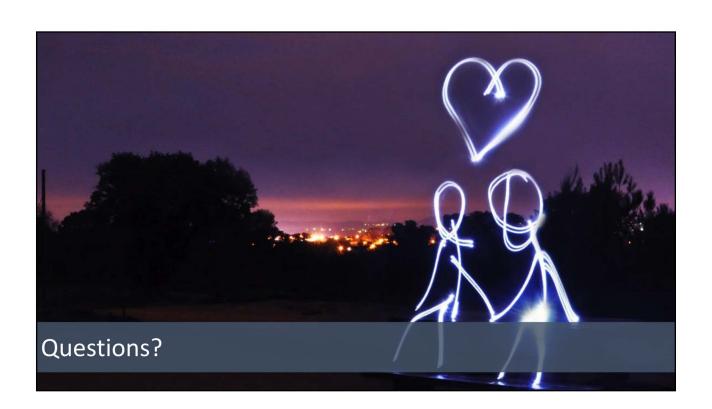
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# Planning checklist

- Set your KPI's
- Develop an integrated editorial calendar: marketing plans, holidays, new products
- Plan the content development process
- Set up a tracker for Google Analytics/Facebook Insights data
- Organise database growth and maintenance





# Introduction to WorkPro

Singapore Social Enterprise Conference

26 Oct 2016

Presented by: Li Shuting, Programmes and Engagement Division



#### Overview of WorkPro



From 1 Jul 2016, WorkPro has been enhanced to encourage employers to implement age-friendly workplaces through job redesign and age management practices for older workers.

#### **Objectives**

Support the employment and employability of older workers aged 50 and above

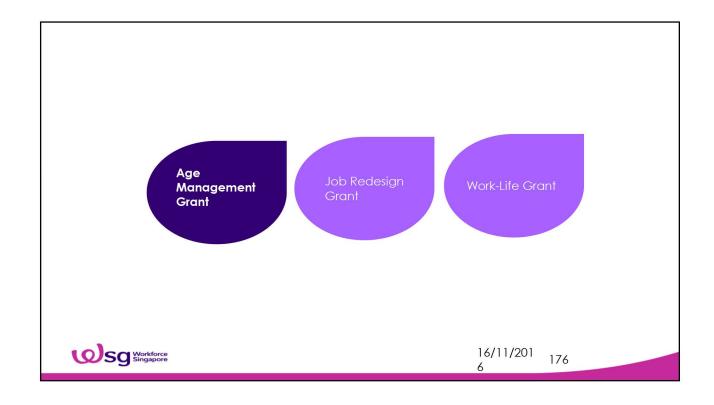




Develop a strong **Singaporean core** by encouraging sustainable flexible work arrangements for all workers



#### WorkPro Grant Components Work-Life Age Management Job Redesign Grant Grant Grant Up to Up to \$300,0 \$160,0 \$20,00 Adopt progressive age Positive impact on older Implement and sustain management practices workers by providing Flexible Work easier, safer and Arrangements smarter jobs Sg Workforce Singapore



#### Age Management Grant

To help employers build age friendly workplaces to better manage and sustain a multi-generational workforce

#### Deliverables:

- 1. Put in place sail-through or re-employment policy
- 2. Communicate policy to all employees
- 3. Attend courses on 'Job Redesign', 'Age Management' and Employee Health and Well Being in the Workplace'
- 4. Sign the TAFEP Fair Employment pledge
- 5. Adopt any 4 out of 6 recommended age management practices
- 6. Implement a standardised Health and Wellness Programme comprising:
  - I. Knowledge of Personal Health
  - II. Behavioral Change for Health Living
- 7. Submit an impact evaluation report
- 8. Submit a name list of at least 5 older workers



# Examples of Age Management Practices



Fair appraisal system



Formalise fair employment policy



Multi-generational buddy system



Improve workplace ergonomics



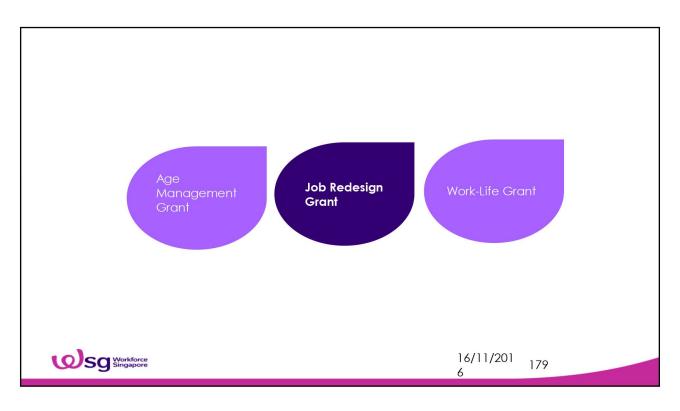
Training plans for older workers



Facilitate re-employment



#### Appendix: Speaker Slides



#### Job Redesign Grant

To implement job redesign projects to create physically easier, safer and smarter jobs for older workers

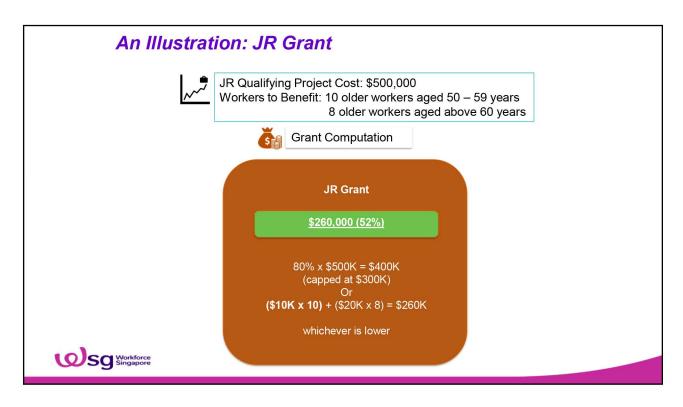
#### **Deliverables**

- 1. Relevant invoices, receipts and supporting documents for costs incurred in the job redesign project
- 2. Impact evaluation report using the template provided
- 3. List of older worker(s) who is/are benefitting from the JR project

#### **Grant Computation**

- 80% of project cost or *up to \$20K per older worker\**, whichever is lower \* Tiered quantum for older workers:
- \$10,000 per older worker aged 50 to 59 years old
- \$20,000 per older worker aged 60 and above





#### Job Redesign (Rider)

Companies on Inclusive Growth Programme (IGP) or Capability Development Grant (CDG) may apply if project leads to positive impacts to older workers

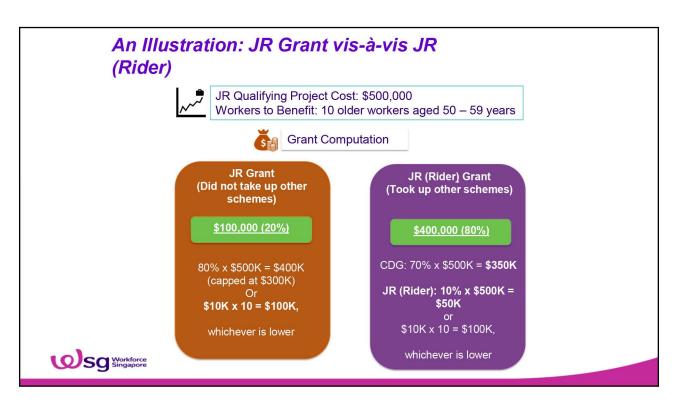
#### Documentation/ Deliverables

- 1. Job redesign proposal submitted to Grant agency
- 2. Proof of project completion and quantum of grant received from Grant agency
- 3. Impact evaluation report using the template provided
- 4. List of older worker(s) who is/are benefitting from the JR project

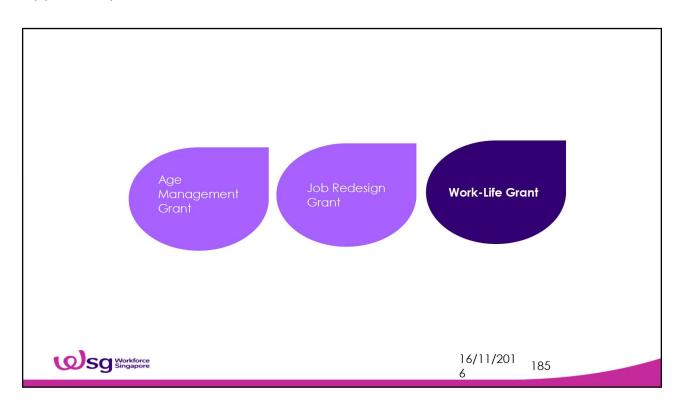
#### **Grant Computation**

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- \* Tiered quantum for older workers:
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- \$20,000 per older worker aged 60 and above









#### Work-Life Grant: Development Grant

To help companies enhance work-life harmony through flexible work arrangements (FWAs) and other work-life strategies

#### Up to \$20,000

- Appoint a work-life ambassador from the senior management
- 1st \$10,000 Pilot at least 2 new FWAs and/or substantially enhance existing FWAs for at least 10% of total workforce, or minimum of 5 employees (whichever is higher) for at least 3 months
- 3. Next \$10,000\* Formalise FWAs in the HR policy

#### Up to \$20,000

Reimbursement components

- 1. 80% of:
  - Work-life training
    - Work-life consultancy
- 2. 50% of:
  - IT infrastructure for FWAs
  - Lactation facilities and family care room

\*It is compulsory to complete the FWA pilot before formalising the FWAs



#### Work-Life Grant: FWA Incentives

#### To encourage employers to sustain work-life friendly workplaces

#### Up to \$40,000/year over 3 years

- 1. Appoint a work-life ambassador from the senior management
- 2. Formalised 2 or more FWAs in HR policy
- 3. Ensure at least 20% or 30% of total workforce, subject to a minimum of 5 employees, are using the FWAs regularly
- 4. Ensure half of the employees using the FWAs are Singaporeans
- 5. Ensure no more than 6 in 10 employees are using the same FWA type
- Sustain FWA utilisation rates to receive subsequent tranches of payouts



#### An Illustration of FWA Incentive

#### FWA Incentive is disbursed in 3 tranches over 3 years

1) At least 20% utilisation rate





Capped at \$25,000

2) At least 30% utilisation rate



2nd Capped at \$40,000

Capped at \$40,000

#### Calculation of FWA incentive

#### Capped at \$25,000 or \$40,000 per year

- \$10,000 for the first 5 SC employees (i.e. \$2,000 per SC)
- \$1,500 per additional SC employee (from the 6<sup>th</sup> SC employee onwards)

E.g. 7 SC employees are on FWAs in a company with a total workforce of 20, i.e. 35% FWA utilisation:

\$10,000 + \$1,500 + \$1,500 = \$13,000 per year







Telecommuting



Staggered hours



Compressed work week



Time Banking



Rotating Shifts



Part-time work



# Official Programme Partners: NTUC and SNEF

Companies can apply for WorkPro directly through NTUC/SNEF who provides advice at NO COST





For more information, visit <a href="http://www.wsg.gov.sg">http://www.wsg.gov.sg</a>





# Reskilling for Jobs – Work Trial (Employers)

Singapore Social Enterprise Conference

26 Oct 2016

Presented by: Serene Yew, Programmes and Engagement Division



#### Reskilling for Jobs – Work Trial

As part of the "Adapt and Grow" initiative, the Work Trial aims to strengthen the employability of locals, particularly rank-and-file from 1 May 2016 over three years.



#### SINGAPORE REGISTERED

#### WHAT

- A short term on-the-job training (40 to 80 hours) to assess jobseekers' job fit prior to hiring
- Cost free for employers to participate

More than 50 employers offering more than 500 vacancies...

Early Childhood







Retail



Security





# Funding Support to Trainee at \$1,100 per SC, and up to \$600 per SPR



\$7.50/hr





\$500

Retention Incentive after 3 months



\$4.50/hr

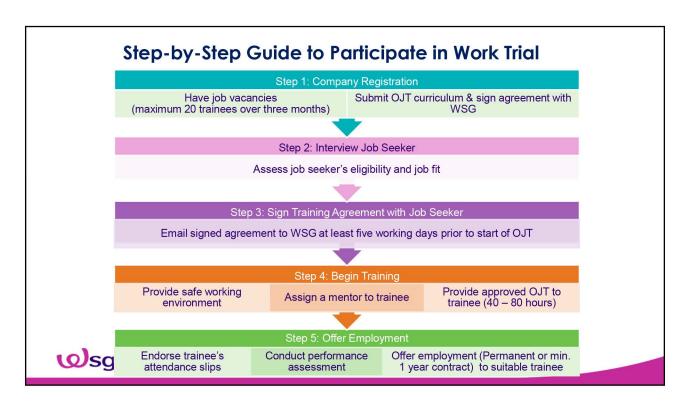
**Training Allowance** capped at 80 hours



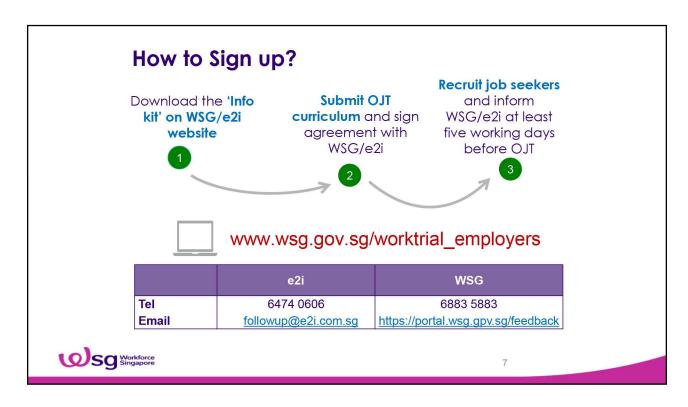
Retention Incentive after 3 months



\*Open for employers to top-up the TA to trainees. Employers are encouraged to top-up the TA to trainees, whenever possible.



Sample of OJT curriculum (ILTC sector)	Company Name		Xx Pte Ltd	
	Training Address		Xx	
	Type of Industry/sector		Intermediate Long Term Care	
	Training Position (Job Title)		Healthcare Assistant	
	No. of Job Vacancies		1 to 20	
	Total Training Hours		40 hours	
	Availability of Training Period		DDMMYY	
	Expected Salary (if offered employment)		\$XX	
	Training Curriculum	Details		
	Outline of Training Objectives	Able to perform basic support care duties.		
	Training Activities*	Day 1	Orientation Infection Control Fall Prevention Safety awareness & Emergency preparedness Assist in Measurements of vital signs Assist in Nutrition Grief and Loss, Breaking Bad news Hygiene & Grooming Elimination Care Understanding the residents Maintain comfort Mobility / Transfer Caregiver Support Assist and participate in Recreational Activities Nursing Documentation Debrief & Self evaluation	
	Assessment Criteria/Training Outcomes	Ability to work and communicate with the clients comfortably     Able to perform most of the tasks assigned by the supervisor.     Accept feedback from mentor/supervisor.		





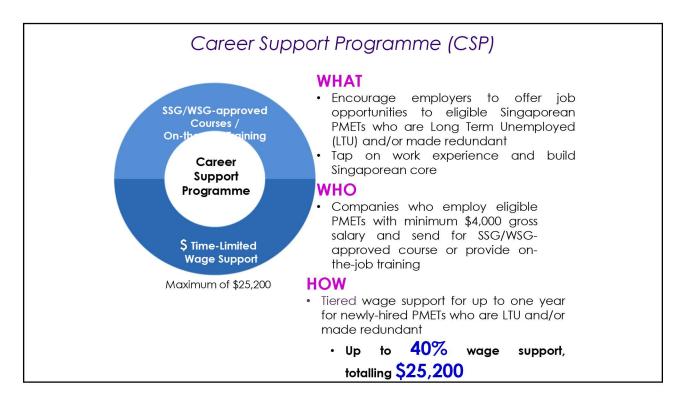


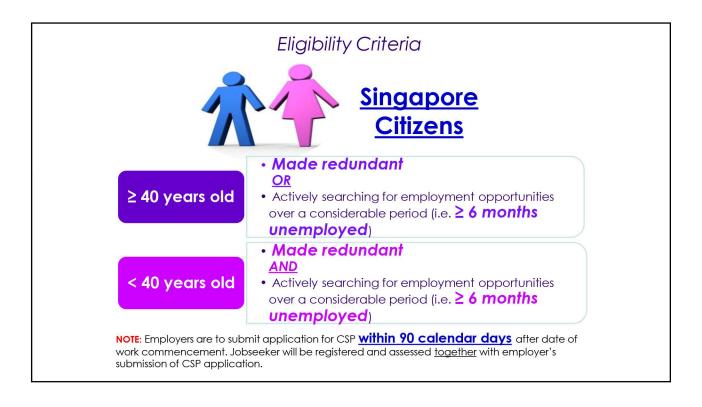
# Career Support Programme (CSP)

Briefing to Employers

Version 2.2 As at

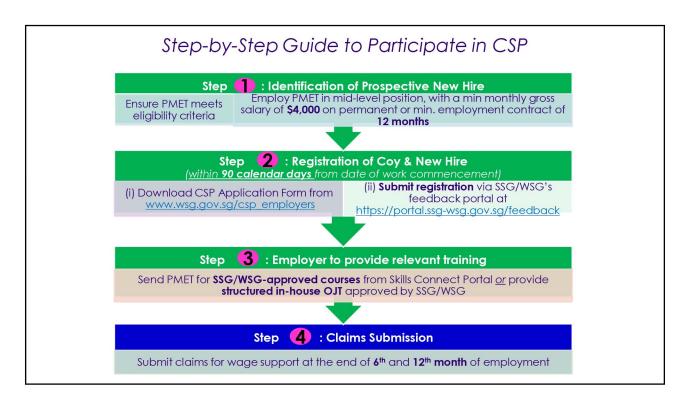


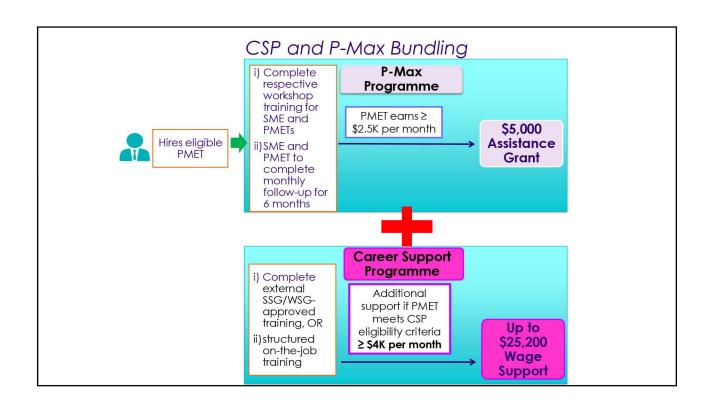






CSP's Funding Support				
WAGE SUPPORT	First six months of employment	Next six months of employment		
Aged ≥ 50 (LTU <u>or</u> made redundant)	40% of gross monthly salary, capped at \$2,800 a month	20% of gross monthly salary, capped at \$1,400 a month		
A. Aged 40-49 (LTU or made redundant)  B. Aged below 40 (LTU <u>and</u> made redundant)	20% of gross monthly salary, capped at \$1,400 a month	10% of gross monthly salary, capped at \$700 a month		





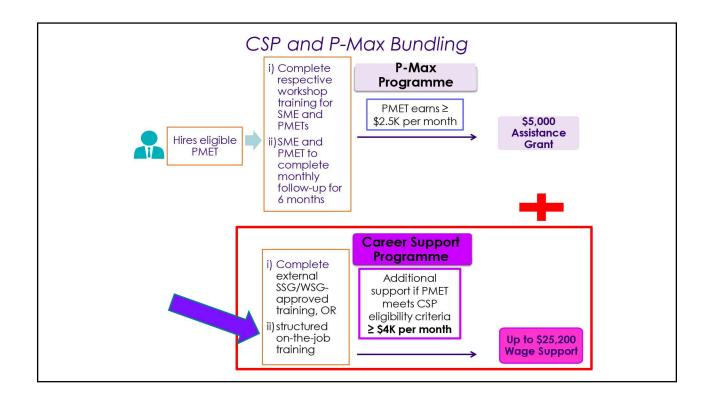
# Scenario (1) CSP and P-Max Bundling

Beta company is hiring Anton (<u>50yo</u>) for a Senior Engineer position that pays <u>\$4,000/mth</u> under the <u>P-Max Programme</u>. Beta company would also like to tap on CSP as Anton meets the criteria (i.e <u>made redundant</u>).

- (i) Would he be able to tap on both programmes?
- (ii) Would the PMET workshop under P-Max be counted as the CSP training programme as well?

#### Ans:

(i) **Yes**, Beta company could tap on both. **If...** 



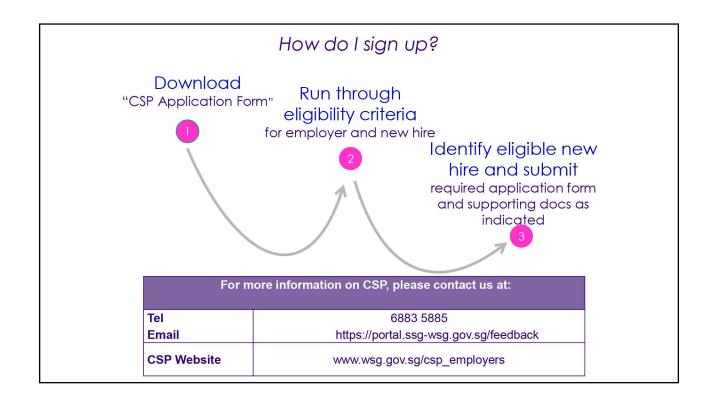
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- (i) Would he be able to tap on both programmes?
- (ii) Would the PMET workshop under P-Max be counted as the CSP training programme as well?

#### Ans:

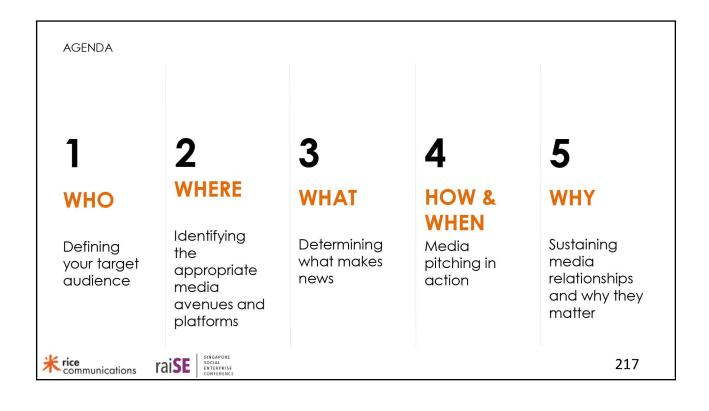
(ii) **No.** The respective programme criteria has to be fulfilled in order to be eligible



# Question & Answer Workforce Singapore

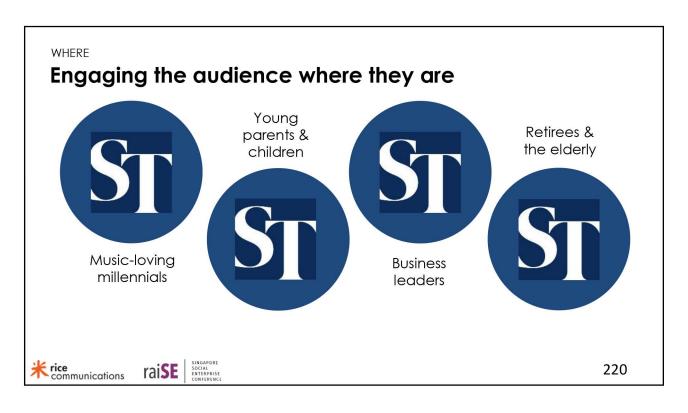


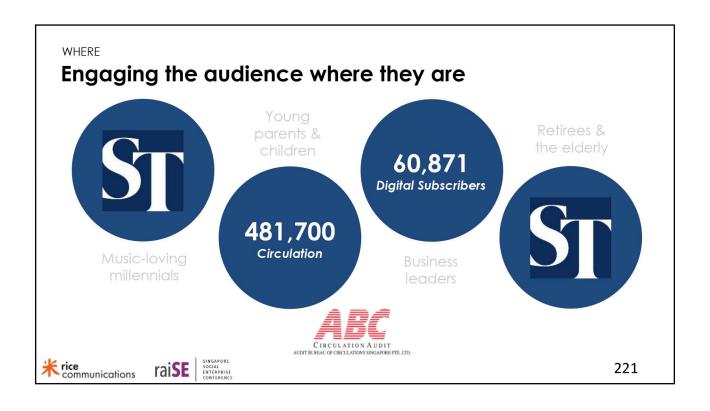


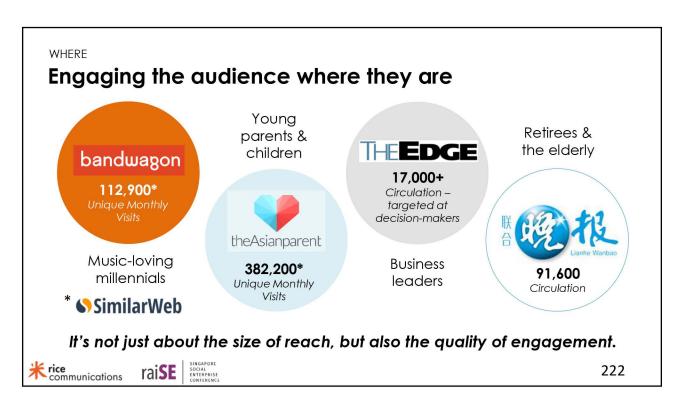




















**WHAT** 

#### Defining what makes news

#### THE LEAD – Grab attention with that critical detail

Unlike most stories, a news story does not necessarily start at the beginning. It starts with the most important, current message.

What is new and most important for the readers to know?

#### STORY – Paint the full story

4-5 paragraphs that explain the why's and how's, add colours through quotes from the key voices. What's the full picture?

#### BACKGROUND

Any other historical or reference info to put things in context. How does this fit in the bigger picture?





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AGENDA

2
WHERE

Identifying the appropriate media avenues and platforms

WHO

Trice communications

AGENDA

3
WHAT

Determining what makes news

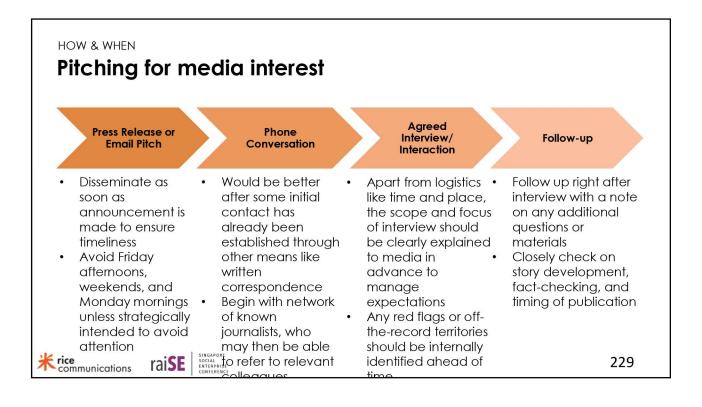
Determining what makes news

AGENDA

4
HOW & WHY

WHY

Sustaining media relationships and why they matter



Appendix: Speaker Slides

# **Pitch Time!**





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**ACTIVITY** 

#### What's the story?

Company X is launching a new product in Singapore – a watch for the elderly with a built-in alarm system that reminds them to keep track of their medication schedule and tasks for the day. The watch also has motion sensors, which can trigger a call to a designated contact number should there be any issues.

- · Who are your trying to reach out to via the media?
- Which media will you pitch your story to?
- What is the pitch?





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